Royal West End the brand that made reputation. Leaders of 20 years. Rs. 185 only. WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

17 years in use. Royal West End gives such service. Get it from WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. BOMBAY.

VOL. VII. NO. 110 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1919. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH & LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date About.	Steamers.	Tons.	
14th June	Chanda	6,169	Only has accommodation for twenty passengers.
14th 21st	Kashmir Nevasa	8,841 9,071	

All applications for passages should be accompanied by Priority Certificates and passages will be allotted strictly in accordance with the grade of Priority Certificates.
As far as can be foreseen, passages in vessels during June, will only be available for holders of "A" and "B" grade certificates.
Return Tickets for first and second class available for twenty-four months are issued to Europe at a single fare and a half.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date About.	Steamers.	Tons.
22nd ,,	Dilwara	5378

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About.	Steamers.	—
11th June	Pundua	E. & S. Africa.
13th ,,	Lhasa	Karachi direct
16th ,,	Dwarka	Karachi sails 1 p.m.
18th ,,	Taroba	E. & S. Africa.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure
Fukuoka Maru	R. Nakanishi	3181	10th June	21st June
Kinkasan Maru No. 2	S. Sato	3204	21st June	3rd July
Kiyo Maru	K. Ureta	4763	17th June	28th June
Bombay Maru	T. Kinoshita	4352	5th July	16th July
Kosaku Maru	H. Negashi	3.87	7th July	18th July

For Freight apply to:—
T. KAWAGUCHI, Manager.
Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet—167 Vessels. Gross Tonnage 462,000.
REGULAR SERVICE FROM BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG AND TO ITALY VIA PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure	Destination
Kasado Maru	N. Yasagi	...	22nd June	Japan
Burma Maru	S. Imai	22nd June	5th July	Japan.
Ganges Maru	S. Arai	22nd June	5th ,,	Japan.
Shorwa Maru	M. Miyatake	14th June	21st ,,	Genoa and Marseilles

(Only Cargo Service to Italy.)
For Freight apply to:—
M. UCHIYAMA, Manager.
Siam Building, Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES:
Bombay, Calcutta, Bagdad, Basrah, Amara and Hillah.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Called up Capital	£600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders.	£900,000
Reserve Fund	£110,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K. T. (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
Lieut.-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.).
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq. (Martins Bank, Ltd.).
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarjee, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH.
Corner of Hornby Road & Church Gate Street
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF FIVE PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at four per cent. per annum.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, LOANS and CREDITS granted on approved security and every discription of Banking and Exchange business undertaken
PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.
R. D. YOUNG, Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,45,259	9	0
Reserve Funds	12,38,033	5	1

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Bombay	Jullundhur	Peshawar City
Calcutta	Jammu	Patiala
Cawnpore	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
Delhi	Karachi	Sargodha
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Sialkot
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Srinagar
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Umballa City
Hapur	Ludhiana	
Hoshiarpur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are brought, collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—
K. C. MULICK, Manager.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.
HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.
Branches:—Ahmedabad Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed	Rs.	50,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs.	20,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs.	12,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 2 per year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learn on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
C. E. RANDLE, General Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 25,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at
Bombay Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen Frengtien Hankow, Harbin Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin Tokio, Tsingtao, Vladivostock, Batavia.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Re. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.
N. IGARASHI, Manager, Bombay.
Post Box No. 207 Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 30,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	Yen 27,500,000
RESERVE FUND	Yen 6,530,000

HEAD OFFICE; TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES:

LONDON	YOKOHAMA	KARENKO
NEW YORK	MOJI	KEELUNG
SHANGHAI	AMOY	MAKUNG
HONGKONG	CANTON	TAITOH
SINGAPORE	FOOCHOW	SHINCHIKU
BATAVIA	HANKOW	TAICHU
SEMARANG	KIUKIANG	TAINAN
SOERABAYA	SWATOW	TAKOW
TOKYO	AKO	TAMSUI
KOBE	GIRAN	TOWEN
OSAKA	KAGI	BANGKOK

The Bank has also a LARGE NUMBER OF CORRESPONDENTS at HOME and ABROAD.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
K. TAKEMURA, Manager.
56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 8,00,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	Yen 2,62,50,000
RESERVE FUND	Yen 45,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dotonbori	Kyoto	Semba
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankaw	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Toriaburacho
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Niihama	Yanai
Kobe	Onomich	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
J. SATO, Manager.
Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 389.

HOTEL.

THE CHEAPEST
FIRST CLASS HOTEL
at which to put up at in Bombay is the
RAILWAY HOTEL
Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Railway" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a central healthy locality.
DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY.
Competent Chefs, High Class Wines and Billiard Tables.
Please write to Manager, Railway Hotel Charney Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 511

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE—7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

	Rs.
Capital Fully Subscribed	10,00,000
Capital Paid Up	1,00,000
Invested Funds over	33,50,000

THE ADVANTAGES OF A "NATIONAL" POLICY.
By paying your premiums at the lowest possible rate available in India, you secure for yourself a Policy which will enable you to tide over the difficulties owing to the loss of income in your old age or provide for your family in case of an early death.
The "National" carries first class risks and offers unique advantages to the Policy holders.
Please write for Prospectus before deciding the question of insuring your life.
The first Indian Insurance Company to lead the way by investing the total sum of Rupees Ten Lakhs in the First and Second Indian War Loans.
RAE & CO., Managing Agents. P. BANERJEA, Secretary.
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS, Chief Agents: Bombay Presidency, 72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
(HEAD OFFICE—BOMBAY.)
Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.
Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.
For prospectus and further particulars apply to—
SECRETARIES & MANAGER, JIVANLAL, DASTUR & CO., 112, Esplanade Road, Fort.

AMICHAND GOVANJI.
The Oldest and Most Popular Confectioner' Depot in India.
Established Over Half a Century Ago.
Opposite Juma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street out Fort, Bombay.
'Phone No. 670.
This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificate:—
Vegetarian Federal Union, 16, Farringdon Street, E.C.
We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.
(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman,
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.
THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various descriptions and sizes.
THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread-like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.
HALWAS of different descriptions, such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Viv), (b) Saffroy Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva, (d) Rose-scented Halva, (e) Vanila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.
All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.
No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our signboard and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.
No V. P. P. Orders will receive our attention. The generous public are requested to give us a trial.

INVALUABLE OPPORTUNITY FOR EARNING MONEY!
If you have lost your Money in any kind of business of Shares, Cotton, Linseed, Silver Guinea, Yarn, Sugar, Colours, Castor Oil Rice, Wheat, etc., then we will help you to recoup your loss and gain large sums by our correct forecasts of Bull and Bear, for which we have received many good certificates We foretell the exact figures by our large experience and by the help of the Mantras If you seek our advice beforehand or get it after you have lost your money in some transactions, you will be immensely benefited by our exact knowledge in these matters Fee only Rs. 15 and Rs. 25 for our forecasts for Bear and Bull. We also do the work of Astrology and Palmistry, and will correctly foretell every incident of your future life and also prepare Horoscopes, etc. Fee only Rs. 5 for seeing only the hand KRUSHNALAL RAMKANT SHARMA. Opposite Anant Shivji Desai Topiwalla, 1st Floor, Moti Bazar, Bombay.
Time: 8 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 5 p.m.
Telegraphic Address: "JOTISHER." Bombay

NAROTAM GIRDHAR & CO.
JUMMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.
We are importing Chemicals, Pure Drugs and Patent Medicines direct from the best houses in Great Britain, France, America and Japan and can guarantee the quality of all goods supplied by us.
A trial order solicited.

PLEASE CALL AT
AHMED E. ESAALI
MERCER
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY
SUPERIOR PLAIN CHINA, CREPE-DE-CHENE
IN ALL THE
LATEST GRADES AND SHAPES.
HIGHLY DURABLE.
WILL STAND EVERY ROUGH WASHING.
QUALITY—THE BEST. PRICES—THE CHEAPEST.
We strongly recommend these to our numerous Patrons all over India.
V. P. P. Orders accepted from Mofussil Patrons.

MEHTA & COMPANY
(ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. RY. LISTS)
ARE STRONGLY RECOMMENDED
for every type of AUCTION, for every intricacy in the Sale. Their perfect decency and integrity, their extensive influence in all markets, their persuasiveness in sales by facts and figures and their proved ability to FETCH the HIGHEST PRICES are features which make them the BEST of all the AUCTIONEERS!!!
Your realizations will show a great advantage if you exclusively engage "MEHTA & Coy."
INSIST ON MEHTA'S ASSISTANCE.
Refer to any Bank
25, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE No. 1285.

KARANJIA & Co., Ltd.
LEADING HOUSE FOR SILKS.
Our prices for choicest stuff are always the lowest but the recent reductions made in the price of
GEORGETTE NINNONS
beat all records
Cheap bargains also in
FANCY SILK UMBRELLAS
PRESENTATION ARTICLES
JEWELLERY AND SILVERWARE
MARBLE BUSTS AND FIGURES
207, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

INDIA EQUITABLE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: CALCUTTA.
A Model Life Insurance Company.
This is the only Indian Life Insurance Company which has been able to declare a bonus of Rs. 12-8-0 per thousand per annum on the first Actuarial Valuation
THIS IS UNIQUE
THIS IS UNPARALLELED
Respected Agents for unrepresented areas appointed on liberal terms
APPLY TO
For Gujarat.
Mr. J. C. PATEL, Sojitra Pimpal Falia, Petlad, *Vis* Anand.
For Berar & C.P
Messrs. DESHPANDE & Son, Akot.
For Deccan
Mr. K. G. TOKEKAR, 753 Ravivar Peth, Poona.
For Bombay.
The Indian Products Supplying Agency Ltd. 53, Medows Street, Fort (Bombay.)

DROPS OF INK!
MAKE MILLIONS THINK
and to write with a bad ink
IS A BLUNDER.
'Inkotine' marks the highest perfection in Ink making.
Try and reap its Benefit.
G. S. RANADE & CO.
BOMBAY. No. 2.

SOUNDY & Co.,
187, HORNBY ROAD
Just received a large supply of goods,
DRUM HEADS AND REEDS
FLUTES, BUGLES, MOUTH ORGANS
Peldman's 23rd Song Annual.
Pianet's 11th
Violin Strings and Orchestral Journal &c., &c.,

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following special rate:—

ONE ANNA PER WORD.

Minimum charge for each advertisement is Re. 1.

PAYMENT IN ADVANCE.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required as a guarantee of good faith.

BOX NUMBER DEPARTMENT.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses divulged will be given a Box number. The words 'Apply Box No. . . . . Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle,"' to be paid for by the Advertiser. One anna to be reckoned for the figures.

Names and Addresses of Advertisers will not be divulged to enquirers, who must answer advertisements by letter.

Advertisers are requested to note that the Company does not undertake to send replies to advertisements, these can be had at the Office only on production of the Voucher given with each advertisement between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Replies to advertisements should be addressed Box number . . . . Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS undertakes all kinds of JOB PRINTING. A trial order is solicited. Apply The MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle" 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietors, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

RS. 175 only: AMERICAN REBUILT OLIVER TYPEWRITERS, Visible, Back-spacer and Tabulator with new Metal covers and Baseboards. High-class finish, guaranteed absolutely perfect, look and work like new machines. This is a remarkable opportunity to secure such high-grade machines at less than half the price of the New. Call and convince yourself. You will be disappointed if you are late. NATIONAL PORTABLE TYPEWRITERS; Improved Model, No. 3, all devices with improved 2 piece travelling case. Price Rs. 190. Special discount offered to buyers during this month. Buy Now. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co., Dealers in All-Makes of Typewriters. 36, (B) Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay. Tele: "Writertype."

EVERYTHING CHEAP and the best is sold daily or auctioned on every FRIDAY, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), at MEHTA & Co., 35, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

MOTORS & ACCESSORIES.

NOTICE TO FORD OWNERS—If you are thinking of insuring your Ford, please communicate with us as we can offer you specially low terms on insurance of Ford cars.—FORD AUTOMOBILES (India), Ltd., Hughes Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 767. Telegram "Autoford."

EDUCATIONAL.

PARENTS—Have you considered the future of your Boys? THE EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL, the acknowledged centre of Education for English, Mathematics, Languages, etc., etc., will train your Boys in all school Subjects, Morning or Evening at Moderate Rates. Day and Evening General English Classes. Special Senior Cambridge Matric and Typewriting Classes under experts. Individual attention is a special feature of the School. See PRINCIPAL at 259/261, Hornby Road, opp. Cox and Co., Fort.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A GRADUATE and an UNDERGRADUATE for Esplanade High School. Apply personally to the PRINCIPAL. 2575

WANTED—COPYING CLERKS. Apply Messrs. ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO., Solicitors, 113, Esplanade Road, Fort. 2570

WANTED—A smart junior young TYPIST, with decent knowledge of English. Good prospects. Apply to Box No. 656, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2579

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A SHORTHAND TYPIST, with knowledge of book-keeping, by a European firm. Salary Rs. 70 to Rs. 80. Apply giving full particulars of qualifications to Box No. 657, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2580

CONFECTIONERS WANTED.—European, Goanese and Indian, only expert workmen required. Apply with copy of testimonials, stating salary expected, to G. D'ANGELIS & SON, Madras. 2585

WANTED.—A TYPIST Rs. 25 and a CORRESPONDENCE and GENERAL CLERK Rs. 40/50. Apply in your handwriting to Box No. 659, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2589

WANTED.—Two CLERKS with experience of Share Business, good knowledge of English and Accounts necessary. Apply in own handwriting to the SECRETARY, The BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE, LD., Medows Street, Bombay. 2548

WANTED.—A GENERAL CLERK, knowing typewriting. Good prospects to reliable man. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 651, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2540

WANTED.—Some Hindu CLERKS, knowledge of English and Gujerati Essential. For terms see the undersigned personally. BALARAM ANANDRAM & COMPANY, Motissa Chawl, Moombadevi, Bombay. 2565

WANTED.—A GRADUATE, (preferably Commerce), having a good knowledge of the HINDI Language to serve wholetime as a Secretary. Apply with testimonials and terms to Box No. 658, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2586

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED TUITION by a competent Graduate. Success guaranteed. Apply Box No. 661, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2592

WANTED TUITIONS by young Gujarati Graduate, S. L., Sanskrit, possessing long experience in teaching. Remuneration on success, Apply Box No. 652 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2554

FOR SALE.

HONEY—Pure Matheran Honey invaluable for medicinal purposes. Apply LORD'S STORES, Matheran. 2536

FOR SALE—New A. C. ELECTRIC MOTORS, by General Electric Co., 5, 10, 15, 25, 30, 35, 50, 75, 100 H. P., Circular Saws and Belting. Apply SUNDEEDAS & CO., Post Box 292, Bombay. 2561

FOR SALE—New EMPTY KEROSINE OIL TINS in big lot. See or write to ALLIBHAI HAIDERBHAI, Nal Bazar, opp. Chowki. 2514

FOR SALE—New DODGE CAR, self starter, electric horn and lights, complete with side and tail oil Lamps, Stephney with tyre and tube, monsoon covers for hood, bonnet and Stephney wheel and with all accessories. Apply Box No. 654, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2576

OWING to the death of owner, AN OLD FIRM DEALING IN WINES AND SPIRITS is to be sold at indent prices, decent Goodwill required, having about six best well-known agencies and also other saleable brands. Apply to Box No. 655, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2577

EUCALYPTUS OIL, pure from the Nilgiris, Rs. 3-4 per lb. One ounce sample bottle sent, post free, for 6 annas stamps. THE TABLET MFG. CO., 182, Ripon Road, BOMBAY.

MODERN BUSINESS METHODS demand that stationery of high quality should be used. We combine economy with quality that's why we are so successful. THE BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay. A3

ARTISTS, the quality of your work depends on the kind of instruments you are using. It is our pride that for years we have been supplying to the leading artists in India. Fresh stocks of drawing and pen-painting materials always held in stock. THE BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay. B3

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Remington 7, Rs. 85, 110, 125, No. 8, Rs. 100	115
Oliver No. 3, Brief Size	125
American Rebuilt Oliver 5, B. S. and Tab.	175
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 190, 200, 210.	225
Gujerati Remington No. 9, good as new.	225
American Rebuilt Oliver No. 9, 2 Colours.	.....
American Rebuilt Remington 10, Visible.	.....

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

PUBLIC & LEGAL NOTICES.

PUBLIC and LEGAL NOTIFICATIONS are inserted at the following rates:—
Included also are Government and Shipping Notices, Company Prospectus, Tenders, etc.,

	Per inch.
First insertion	Rs. 6-0
Second insertion	Rs. 3-8
Third insertion	Rs. 3-0
Fourth insertion	Rs. 2-8
Fifth and subsequent	Rs. 2-0
Minimum charge	Rs. 6-0

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE BERAR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 4, Cawasjee Patel Street, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 19th June, 1919, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), for the purpose of passing the following Resolution as a special Resolution.

That paragraph 123 of the Articles of Association of the Company be and is hereby amended as follows:—

After the words "31st day of December, then last past" add the following words "or such other date, not being more than fifteen calendar months from the last date up to which the said statements had last been made as the directors may decide."

Should the Resolution be passed by the required majority it will be submitted for confirmation as a special Resolution to a further Extraordinary General Meeting and such meeting will be held on 4th July, 1919, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.).

By order of the Board of Directors,
NOWROJEE EDULJEE SETTNA,
Supdt.

2954

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. KAIFUKU MARU, having arrived on the 10th June, from JAPAN via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo, the CONSIGNEES of her CARGO, are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards, of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of Steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Bombay 10th June, 1919.

1250

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

HEREBY IT IS NOTIFIED that the undermentioned Notes have been stolen from us, no one should accept them:—

SB
8 21437 of Rs. 500.
,, 14625 of Rs. 500.
,, 22378 of Rs. 500
,, 25155 of Rs. 500.
,, 21773 of Rs. 500.
SB
7 87818 of Rs. 500.

Finder please communicate to:—
Messrs. AHMED HUSEIN & CO.,
Khadak, Post Mandvi, BOMBAY.

2569

THE BELLARY PRESS COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Motilal Mansions Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, on Monday the 23rd June 1919, at 5-30 p.m., (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December 1918.
2nd.—To declare a dividend.
3rd.—To appoint or re-elect a Director.
4th.—To appoint an Auditor or Auditors and fix his or their remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors.
KOTHARI, SUTARIA & CO.,
Secretaries & Agents.

Bombay, 4th June, 1919.

N.B.—The Transfer Books of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 21st June 1919, to SATURDAY, the 5th July 1919, both days inclusive.

The dividend, if declared, will be paid from Monday, the 7th July 1919, between 12 and 3 p.m., on week days, except Saturdays, on production of share certificates at the Registered office. 2568

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I have contracted to purchase the undermentioned property from JEHANGIRJI ADERJI MISTRI, and his wife BAI RATANBAI, and all persons having any claim upon or to the said property or any part or portion thereof whether by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lease, trust, inheritance, charge, possession, maintenance, or otherwise, however, I hereby require to make the same known to me the undersigned in writing at my shop in Abdul Rehman Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale of the said property will be completed without regard to any such claims which will then be considered to have been waived and regarded as null and void.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Perpetual Fazandari land or ground with the messuage tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at second Marine Street, in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and registered in the Records of the Collector of Land Revenue of Bombay, in the name of Ishow Appaji Chavan and containing by admeasurement 74 3/9 square yards, or thereabouts be the same little more or less and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East, by a Gully and the house of Dadabhoy Ranji, on or towards the West, by the house of Mathurabai, widow of Pandu Narayan, on or towards the North by the Sweepers' passage and on or towards the South by Second Marine Street, which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors and are registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 515, New No. A2520, Old Survey No. 8, New Survey No. 8298 and 8299 and the said messuages thereon being assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 2556 and Street No. 61.

Dated, this 6th day of June, 1919.
MAHOMED SULEMAN MIA,
Purchaser

2588

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KASHINATH NARANJI, MADHAVRAO KASHINATH, KISON KASHINATH, SHIVSHANKER KASHINATH, BABU KASHINATH, BHALCHCANDRA KASHINATH, JANARDHAN KASHINATH and DATRATRE MADHAVRAO KASHINATH, the latter five being minors by their guardian the said KASHINATH NARAYANJI, HIRABAI, widow of Damaji Narayanji, CHIMABAI widow of Essuji Narayanji, NAGUBAI, widow of Dadu Thakuji, PADMABAI another widow of Dadu Thakuji, RAGHUNATH ALOOJI, RAMCHANDRA RAGHUNATH, SHANKER RAGHUNATH, the latter being a minor by his Guardian, the said RAGHUNATH ALOOJI, BALARAM SAKHARAM, and VITHAL SAKHARAM, have contracted to sell to our client Mr. DINANATH RAGHUNATH WAGLE, the undermentioned property.

ALL persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in, to or upon the said property or any part or parts thereof, either by way of mortgage, charge, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, bequest, lease, lien, partnership or otherwise whatsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 109, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days, from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Government Toka Hilly land or ground with the trees, plants, shrubs, rocks, mines, minerals, and quarries situate, lying and being at New Sewri Road, Vadalla, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by actual admeasurement as now appears from actual measurement 9632.45 square yards, and in Laughton's Register mentioned as 9,278 square yards, and in the conveyance of 18th March 1864, mentioned as 9,125 square yards, or thereabouts standing in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue in the name of Aloo Gowria Gawand and forming part of Collector's Old Nos. 40, 42, 46, 86 and 87, and 155 and New Nos. 14772, 14777, 14779, etc. and bearing Collector's New Survey No. 1/2284 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under F Ward No. 2368 and Street No. 1062, and which said premises are bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East, partly by the Government land and partly by property of Memon Sidick Haji Ebrahim, on or towards the West by the property of Jehangirji Jamsetji Dubash and others, on or towards the North, by the property of A. B. Dubash, and on or towards the South by the property of Esa Fazla.

Dated, this 10th day of June, 1919.
DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

2587

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HEERACHAND AMARSI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has agreed to sell the undermentioned properties. All persons having any claim to or upon the said property by way of mortgage, inheritance, lease, sale, gift, lien or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 54, Esplanade Road, in Fort, Bombay, in the Mercantile Bank Building, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived and the purchase will be completed without regard thereto.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

FIRST:—All that piece or parcel of land of the Freehold tenure situate at the corner of Masjid Bunder Road and Naron Dhooroo Street, in the City of Bombay, together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 232 square yards or thereabouts and situated within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. , New No. , Old Survey No. , New Survey No. 1337 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 528 and Street Nos. 74-78, Masjid Bunder Road and B Ward No. 856 and Street No. 3-9 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Rogay, on or towards the South by the said Masjid Bunder Road, on or towards the West by the said Naron Dhooroo Street, and on or towards the East by the property hereinafter secondly described.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land of the Freehold tenure situate at Masjid Bunder Road, in the City of Bombay, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 214 square yards or thereabouts and situated within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. , New No. , Old Survey No. , New Survey No. 1337 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward Nos. 829-830, Street Nos. 80-84, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Rogay, on or towards the South by the said Masjid Bunder Road, on or towards the West by the property first hereinbefore described and on or towards the East partly by the property of Haji Dala Ismail Padawalla and partly by the said Masjid Bunder Road.

Dated this 10th day of June, 1919.
PAYNE & Co.,
Purchasers Attorneys.

2593

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AUGUSTIUS PEREIRA, of Bandora Christian inhabitant, has contracted to sell the property hereinafter described. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 48, Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRST.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or bungalow, stable, out-houses, and other structures standing thereon situate, lying and being near St. Andrews Church at Bandora in Zilla Thana, Taluka Salsette, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandora, containing by admeasurement, two thousand seven hundred and thirty-three (2,733) square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of Thana under non-agricultural City Survey No. 11 of Danda (lump sum assessment whereon has already been paid to Government for fifty years from the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven), and bearing Municipal No. 1 and bounded as follows:—That is to say— on or towards the East by the property of the vendor, on or towards the West by properties of Simao Gonsalves, on or towards the North by the property secondly hereinafter described and on or towards the South by Chimbal Road.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of vacant land with the well thereon situate near St. Andrews Church, aforesaid in the Registration Sub-District of Bandora, aforesaid and forming part of City Survey No. 11 and formerly of New Survey Nos. 193, 194 and admeasuring one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four and three-fourth square yards and bounded on the East by the property of the vendor, on West by the property of Simao Gonsalves, on the North partly by the property of the vendor and partly by the property of T. Fernandes and on the South by the property hereinbefore 1stly described.

Dated, this 9th day of June, 1919.
VACHHA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys

2582

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase from MANECKBAI HORMASJI MODY, the property more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 35, Medows Street, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without reference to such claim or claims, if any, and the same will then be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of agricultural and grass land forming portion of the land known by the name of Narkhel with the trees bushes and shrubs standing thereon, situate at Andheri in the Salsette Taluka of the Thana District, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, on the Northern side of the road, leading from Andheri to Versova, containing by admeasurement 1080 66 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East and North by the other property of the Vendor, on or towards the West by the property of Abdul Rehman Cassumbhai Peeredina and on or towards the South by the road leading from Andheri to Versova and which said land bears the undermentioned Nos.

Entry Nos.	Survey Nos.	Sub Nos.	Area.	Assessment.
20C, 14D, 15D, 64D.	6A	Part of	1 5½	1-3-9
20C, 14D, 15D, 64D.	6A		5 1½	0-5-3
20C, 14D, 15D, 64D.	6A	Part of	9 1½	0-5-3
			88 1-13-6	

Dated this 10th day of June, 1919.
SABNIS & GOREGAOKER,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

2578

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

RE. BHAT TILAK AND CO.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the partnership subsisting between M. D. BHAT and D. B. TILAK, trading as Bhat Tilak and Co. and doing business in glasswares is DISSOLVED and my client Mr. M. D. Bhat will hereafter alone carry on the business in his own name.

D. A. TULZAPURKAR, B.A., LL.B.,
High Court Pleader.

Bombay, High Court.
Dated, 10th June, 1919.

2571

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DINBAI DHANJISHAW MEHTA, has agreed to sell to our clients the undermentioned property. All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand, in, to, upon or in respect of the said property, or any part thereof, by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 11, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without any regard to such claim or claims, if any, and the same will then be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land situate at Thakurdwar Road, Girgaum, without the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement three hundred and thirty-eight and five-ninths square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under Collector's Old No. 45, Collector's New No. 265, Old Survey No. 111 and New Survey No. 8093, of Pension and Tax and in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 4118 and 4119, and Street Nos. 27-35, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East, by the property of Rustomji Mancherji Dubash, on or towards the West by the Trust property of Aspandiar Kaikhusru Irani, on or towards the North partly by a well and partly by the Thakurdwar Road, and on or towards the South, partly by the property of Jehangir Rustomji Sirwai, partly by the property of Bhukandas Govindji and partly by the property of Dinbai Merwanji Coachman and which premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the Vendor and her tenants.

Dated, this 9th day of June, 1919.
PURNANAND & CHUBWALA,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.

2567

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai SUNDRABAI, wife of Moreshwar Balkrishna, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise, howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, at their Office at 29, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise, the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Pension and Tax, land or ground (now redeemed) with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Bhai Jiwanji Lane, Thakordwar, without the Fort of Bombay, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, under C Ward No. 4040, Street No. 10, and registered together with other lands in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 45 and 45, New No. 204 and 307, Old Survey No. 111, and New Survey Nos. 1 8112 and 4 8112, and containing by admeasurement, two hundred and eighteen square yards, or thereabouts and bounded on the east by a common Gully, and beyond that by the property of Manecklal Mangaldas, on the West by a common Gully, and beyond that by the property of Nathoba Shinde, on the North by the property of Devkaran Nanji and on the South by the said Bhai Jiwanji Lane.

Dated, this 9th day of June, 1919.
KHUNDERAO LAUD & MEHTA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

2581

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PARKA DOLA and DHARMA DOLA have contracted with our client Mr. HIRABHAI RATANCHAND for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being at Worlee, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 10385 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward Nos. 107(1), 107(2), 107(3), 107(4), 107(5), 107(6), 107(7), 107(8), 107(9), 107(10), 107(11), 107(12), 107(13), 107(14), 108 and 112, 109, 111(1), 111(2), 111(3), 111(4), 111(5), 111(6), 111(7), 111(8), 111(9), 111(10), 111(11), 113, 114(1K), 114(1L), 114(1M), 114(1N), 114(1O), and Street Nos. 9, 9A, 9B, 9C, 9D, 9E, 9F, 9G, 9H, 9I, 9J, 9K, 9L, 9M, 10, 11, 12, 13, 13A, 15B, 13C, 13D, 13E, 13F 13G, 13H, 13I, 13J, Mahaluxmi Road 15, 16N, 16O, 16P, 16Q, 16R, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 3327, 3329 and 3327 and bounded as follows, i.e., to say on or towards the East by Mahaluxmi Road, on or towards the West by the property of Mr. Muller, on or towards the North by the property of Gangadas Jaykissondas and on or towards the South by the property of Chunilal Henchand Jariwalla and which said premises have been in the occupation of the Vendors and their tenants.

Dated this 10th day of June, 1919.
BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Purchasers Attorneys.

2583

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a BOND for Debenture No. 223 of the Tapti Valley Railway Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Bai KETAYUN ARDESHIR MANEKSHANA has been LOST, STOLEN or MISLAID.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the said Debenture Bond in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned at their office in 121 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

MEHTA DALPATRAM & LALJEE.

2572

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. CHHOTALAL CHANDRASHANKER SHASTRI has contracted to sell to my client Mr. MAHOMEDALLY HAKIMJI, the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim thereto by way of mortgage, charge, gift, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at Century Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Land or Ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Bhatwady, Girgaum, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring 160 sq. yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 267, New No. 1846, Old Survey Nos. 547-574 and New Survey No. 7839, assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 363 Street No. 16 bounded on the East by the passage of the Cart, West by the Cart of Senhora Santasmo, North by the House of Luxmon Ramji, and South by the house of Ramabai.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Fazandara Land or Ground with the building standing thereon, situate at Bhatwady Girgaon, admeasuring 35 sq. yards, registered under New Survey No. 2214, assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 364, Street No. 16, bounded on the East by the house of Ganesh Ramji, West and North by the passage of the Cart, and South by the rear part of the house lstly described.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1919.
G. B. PANDYE.
Purchaser's Attorney.

Century Buildings,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

2573

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RATTANBAI, widow of Mangaldas Pranjiwandas and KASHIBAI, daughter of Shivdas Parmanandas, have contracted with our client Mr. HIRALAL MAGANLAL JAVERI for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office Albert Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the said sale will be complete without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Tenure land or ground together with the messuages tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West side of Cow Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 153 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward, Nos. 819 and 820 and Street Nos. 12-6, and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 679, New No. 3971, Old Survey No. 516 and New Survey No. 7706 and bounded as follows: i.e., to say on or towards the East by Cow Lane aforesaid, on or towards the West by the property of Dadaji Hurry, on or towards the North by the passage of the cart and on or towards the South by a passage and which said premises have been in the occupation of the Vendors and their tenants.

Dated this 10th day of June, 1919.
BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Purchasers Attorneys.

2564

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. BURJORJI PESTONJI POCHAJI, RUSTOMJI LIMJIBHOY DAVAR, HIRJIBHOY LIMJIBHOY DAVAR and SORABJI LIMJIBHOY DAVAR, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise, howsoever, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Gresham Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, within 14 days, from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of unt and ground rent land, situate at Cowasji Patel Street, in Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 185 square yards, or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 74-85, New No. D 483, Old Survey No. 415 and New Survey No. 1/9377 together with the dwelling house and all buildings standing thereon and bounded on the East by Cowasji Patel Street, on the West by the property of Jehangir Nanabhoy Davar, on the North by the property of Sorabji G. Patel and on the South by the property of Dorabji J. Mistry and which premises are assessed under A Ward No. 1485 and Street No. 30-32—34.

Dated, this 10th day of June, 1919.
MULLA & MULLA,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

2591

Commercial Corporation Ltd.

with which is incorporated
TECHNO ACCOUNTANCY INSTITUTE
Established 1901

Continues to prepare candidates for all Recognised Accountancy Exams. Special reduced terms to Graduates. Non-Matrics are eligible for L.C.C. Exams. Apply personally between 6 & 7 p.m. as

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SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.,

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.

No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 BALES JAPANESE SHIRTINGS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 11th June, at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamajgully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Thucker Dharamsey Morarji and on account and at the risk of Marwadi Gajanand Rameshwar (munim of Gulabraj Kedarmal.)

5 Bales each 50 pieces Japanese Shirtings No. 99000.—

AUCTION SALE OF 10 PACKAGES SUPERIOR, FINE, FANCY, ENGLISH-MADE WHITE DHOTEES.

On WEDNESDAY the 11th inst., at 3 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press, opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Seth Bhimjibhoy Fulchand and on account and at the risk of Babu B. Morlidhar.—

10 packages superior, fine, fancy, English-made, white dhotees, quality of Prataplaxmi, 8/12 yards.

AUCTION SALE OF 157 PACKAGES KASUMBA.

On WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at 3-15 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Messrs. Ruttonsy Kanji & Co., and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Nathalal Chaganlal & Co.

21 packages Kasumba No. 9145, 40 yards.
21 packages Kasumba No. 9245, 40 yards.
22 packages Kasumba No. 9345, 40 yards.
18 packages Kasumba No. 9445, 40 yards.
22 packages Kasumba No. 9150, 40 yards.
22 packages Kasumba No. 9250, 40 yards.
19 packages Kasumba No. 9350, 40 yards.
12 packages Kasumba No. 9450, 40 yards.

AUCTION SALE OF 2 BALES MULLS.

On THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 3-15 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & CO., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Messrs. Motishi and Tribhovandas and on account and at the risk of Seth Monji Haridas, the party defaulting to act under provision of the resolution of the Board Committee of the Bombay English white and plain piece-goods Association.

2 bales each 150 pcs Mulla No. 329 or other.

AUCTION SALE OF 80 COILS ELECTRIC VULCANISED INDIA RUBBER CABLE.

On FRIDAY, the 13th instant, at 1-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of the Punjab National Trading Co.

On account and at the risk of the Gujarat Electric and Engineering Co.—

80 coils, each 110 yards Electric Vulcanised India Rubber Cable, size 7/20, S. W. G. 600 Megohms Association, manufactured by the Sumitomo Electric Wire and Cable Works.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE, HANDSOME, ARTISTIC DESIGNED, TEAK & BLACKWOOD, HOUSEHOLD & OFFICE FURNITURE: CHESTERFIELD SOFA, GRAMOPHONE WITH SELECTED RECORDS, HANDSOME MARBLE FIGURES IMPORTED FROM ITALY, IRON SINGLE & DOUBLE BEDSTEADS, COTTAGE PIANO BY JOHN BRINSMEADE & CO. IMPORTED BY MESSRS. S. ROSE & CO., ETC. ETC.

On FRIDAY, the 13th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. MEHTA & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, 25, Meadows Street, Fort, the very valuable and artistic designed household and Office Teak and Blackwood Furniture consisting of Dining Table for 6 persons Dining Room Arm and Armless Chairs, Teakwood Dumb Waiters, Teak and Blackwood Miller Sideboards, Teakwood Whatnots, Partition Screens, Rich Tapestry lined complete Suites of Sofas and Chairs, Rich Marble Figures and Busts imported from Italy, Gramophone with selected Records, Carved Centre Tables on Elephant Heads, Revolving Bookcases, Writing Tables, Curzon and Low Chairs, Teakwood Rocking chairs, Rich Tapestry lined Chesterfield sofas, Marble top Dressing and Washing tables, Cushioned Arm Chairs, Teak and Blackwood Mirrored Hat-stands, Iron single and double spring Cots, Folding Camp Cots, Panel door Cupboards, Glass dressing chests of drawers, Card Tables, Large Zoodah, Almirahs Glass Dressing Tables, Diamond caned low chairs, Wooden Teapoys, Drawing Room Pictures, Rich Glass Crockery and Plated Ware, etc., etc., the property of Messrs. D. Balfour of The Army and Navy Co-operative Co., Ltd., J. W. Remington of G. I. P. Railway, B. J. Evans and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF SAW-MILL MACHINERY.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction, by order of Messrs. Jivanlal Ojamshee and Co., at their godown at Ahmedabad Street, Dana Bunder and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Burbrown and Co.

(1) One log Frame Saw (Ransome make) to take logs upto 18in. with spare blades.
(2) The Chelsea joiner Cv. Ransome performs various operations Saws upto 30in.
(3) Self-acting circular Saw Bench 60in. by Ransome, with blades.
(4) Self-acting circular Saw Bench 36in. by Ransome, with blade.
(5) Small Saw Bench 24in. by Ransome with blade.
(6) Band Saw Machine 24in., pulley by Ransome.
(7) One Emery Wheel Blade Sharpening Machine.
(8) Steam-Engine, Wilson make, 14 H. P.
(9) Cochrone patent vertical boiler 15' by 5' by 60'.
(10) Heater for boiler.
(11) Shafting, shifting gearing pulleys, etc.
(12) Circular Saws 24in., No. 6.
Circular Saws 30in. No. 9.
Circular Saws 32in. No. 1.
Circular Saws 36in. No. 6.
Circular Saws 50in. No. 2.

AUCTION SALE of 84 Packages English-made White Shirtings.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press, opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Amilal Jesangbhoy and on account and at the risk of Seth Dwarkadas Chotalal.

36 packages English made white shirtings, No. 560 or others.

48 packages English-made white shirtings No. 570 or others.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 PACKAGES ENGLISH-MADE WHITE DHOTEES.

On MONDAY, the 16th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & CO. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth S. Devcarun and on account and at the risk of Seth Lalchand Juvarmal.

7 packages English-made white Dhotees quality of Bhamini 8/10 yds.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE AND PARCELS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway and in accordance with Section 55 and 56 of Indian Railway Act No. IX of 1890

SALE BY AUCTION.

MEHTA & CO.—*(Contd.)*

Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 24th and WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the above address, the following unclaimed luggage and parcels consisting of jewellery, bale of c. p. goods, brass mould, leather, cameras, photographic plates and accessories, woollen thread, 3 packages pillows, tennis balls and net, English medicines, pugrees, ink, crocodile head (mounted) water proof paint, cinema films, phonoplates, Hardy's fishing rod, 10 volumes hamsworth commercial library, carriage lamps, 2 bags sagoo, one case buttons, gold braid, one heater, eucaliptus oil, santol pills, 4 packages chocolates, 4 cases pith hats, gas cylinders, bangles, brassware, country medicines, country provisions, tinned jams and rose preserve.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th June, 1919.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 631 BALES OF YARN.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY the 11th inst. at 1 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tambakanta Pydhoni near the Temple by order of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., and on account and risk of Mr. Tricamlal Mulchand:—

275 bales each 400 lbs. yarn, No. 6½s. Photo Ticket of the Edward Sassoon Mill.
260 bales each 400 lbs. yarn, No. 8½s. Photo Ticket of the Edward Sassoon Mill.
50 bales each 400 lbs. yarn, No. 6½s., Parrot Ticket of the Meyer Sassoon Mill.
100 bales each 400 lbs. yarn, No. 8½s., Parrot Ticket of the Meyer Sassoon Mill.
6 bales each 400 lbs. yarn, No. 10½s., Flag Ticket of the Meyer Sassoon Mill.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF WHITE NAINSOOKS, No. 1010 and Mexicans Wrappers.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY the 11th inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Moolji Jaitha Market Champa Gully opp. Dharamraj Gully door near Cloth Press, by order of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. and on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. Mirza Mahmood Shirazee.

45 bales each 50 pieces E. D. Sassoon and Co. white nainsooks No. 1010, 38 by 22 yards.
90 pieces Mexicans as Wrappers.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

N.B.—The goods are lying in the Port Trust Bonded Warehouse P. and V. Docks.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.).

1 second-hand rubber tyred glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 second-hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 bay horse, aged, quiet in harness.

AUCTION SALE of the Right to a Lease of a valuable Plot of Municipal Land at Abdul Rehman Street, opposite Alhaibaugh.

Under instruction from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on MONDAY, the 16th June, 1919, at 3 p.m. (B.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises.

The right to a lease for 20 years, the vacant piece of land comprising an area of 627 square yards or thereabouts situate on the West side of Abdul Rehman Street at its junction with 3rd Agiary Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., Solicitors to the Municipal Corporation, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PEARLS.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at Javeri Bazar at the shop of Seth Nagindhand Fulchand Oostad, by order of Messrs. Gordhandas Khatau and on account and risk of the defaulting consignees the following:—

From 1 to 15 lots of very valuable pearls consisting of round buttons, soojnis, drops, thin buttons, necklaces, ear drops, etc., etc.

The above will be on view at the Auctioneer's Office two days before the sale.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 11th June 1919.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE of Large Quantity of Woollen and Cotton Clothing, Shirts Vests, Drawers, Socks, Blanket Cuttings, Jackets, Mosquito Nets, etc.

By order of the Officer-in-Charge, Clothing Depot, Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 13th day of June, 1919, at 9-30 a.m. (S. T.), at "H" Shed Grain Depot, Mazagon.

A large quantity of woollen and cotton army clothing comprising shirts, vests, drawers, socks, blanket cuttings, jackets, mosquito nets, etc.

Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down and lots will have to be removed within 2 days.

J. S. MODY, and Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th June, 1919.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS BOMBAY.
No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort Bombay.
Tel. No. 521.

THE PROPERTY OF J. A. BALFOUR ESQR. BARRISTER-AT-LAW, GOING HOME.

Auction sale of household teak, rose and blackwood artistic new designed Dining, Drawing and Bed Room furniture, plated ware glassware, etc.

On MONDAY, the 23rd day of June, 1919, at 3 p.m., (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Auction Rooms, at No. 16 Apollo Street, Fort, (where all the furniture etc., have been removed for sale) handsome new designed teak, rose and blackwood made to order artistic furniture by well-known makers, Messrs John Roberts, Mackenzie, Wimbridge, Gerrard Locke, Deoji Canji etc., comprising dining table, large and small sideboards, teak and blackwood dining chairs, dumbwaiters, drawing room suite, Japanese silk and other screens carved and plain teapoys, settee chair, revolving book stand, easy chairs, wall clock, pictures, mirror door almyrah, clothes presses, book cupboards, shelves, and racks, markle topped dressing and toilet tables, Meatsafe, ice boxes, brass and iron bedsteads with mattresses, teakwood bedstead, Singapore sofa, home-gymnasium exerciser, soiled linen box large verandah chicks filters bath tubs, bentwood rocking chairs, Baldwin's refrigerator. Literary reading stand, English combined tea table tray, electric reading lamps, leather dressing cases, sewing machine, music stand, bentwood cloths hanging stands, camp furniture, brass rods, vacuum carpet cleaner, repeating rifles, guns etc., etc.

The property of J. A. Balfour Esq., Barrister-at-Law, going home.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
NO. 25, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE OF 50 DRUMS CALCIUM CARBIDE.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 12th June, 1919, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at their rooms, by order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Mr. M. K. Mudaliar of Madras, the following goods, arrived per S. S. "Siam Maru."

50 Drums, Calcium Carbide, each containing 100 lbs.

The above goods can be seen at the Alexandra Dock in Hazardous Goods Warehouse near No. 6 shed.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th June, 1919

THE BOMBAY AUCTION CO.

GOVERNMENT AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER.
23, Churchgate Street.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

The BOMBAY AUCTION CO. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, 11th June, 1919, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), at Kalbadevi Road, opp. Old Post Office, Books on Medicines, Literature, Law, Engineering Novels, etc., Also Office furniture such as show cases, chairs, etc.

By the order of Dawood Ahmed, Bookseller. The property is on view.

BOMBAY AUCTION CO.

Bombay, 10th June, 1919.

AMUSEMENTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of Concerts, Cinemas, and other Amusements are inserted in these columns at the rate of Rs. 2 per inch per insertion in single column.

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market

To-Night !

BEN WILSON

with

NEVA GERBER

Leading stars in the

"VOICE ON THE WIRE"

in the

SPINDLE OF LIFE

LOVELY BUTTERFLY DRAMA

Adapted from Sidney Robinson's interesting novel, "Gladsome"—The Romance of a Fishing Village and the Stock Market.

LOVELY SETTINGS

The picture was filmed at Monterey California, called the Italy of America.

How dainty, little, winsome, frolicsome Gladsome won the heart of 'Alphabet Carter', the Stock Exchange Magnate, forms the theme of as enchanting a picture-novel as you ever saw.

PICTORIAL NEWS
A BREEZY COMIC

3 Shows Nightly at 7, 8-45 & 10-30.
PRIZE SHOW
Saturday and Sunday at 5-15.

IMPERIAL

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.
TO-NIGHT

RUTH ROLAND

the daring heroine of
"The Red Circle", Who Pays, etc, etc,
IN
PATHE'S GREATEST AND BEST SERIAL

"HANDS UP"

Episodes 11th and 12th to-night each one complete in itself.

PATHE GAZETTE
The "eye" of the world
giving latest news from everywhere.

BACK TO LAND

An interesting picture dealing with modern Health problems.

WIFFLES
in his latest comedy
The "PRINCE" of all Comedians.

ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW.
Time:
7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. daily.
Matinee every Sat. & Sunday 5 p.m.
Extra show every Sunday 3-30 p. m.
POPULAR PRICES.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p.m.

MAURICE E. BANDMAN PRESENTS THE

BANDMAN OPERA CO.

In the leading London Musical Successes.

To-Night at 9-30 p.m "HIGH JINKS"

Plan at Rose & Co. upto 6 p.m. after 7 p.m. at the Theatre. Seats booked by Telephone No. 288 must be taken up before 9-15 p.m.

A REAL SPORTING DRAMA

Daily at 6-30 p.m. "WINNING THE FUTURITY"

"SEA NYMPHS" One which is provocative of much laughter.

An Honest Foe is a Thousand Times Preferable to a Traitorous Friend.

"ULTUS"

the remarkable Man of Mystery, returns from the other side of the grave to avenge treachery, punish wickedness and help the helpless.

The First Week—6000 feet—of this momentously marvellous serial

"ULTUS"

is a week of revelations.

WEST-END CINEMA

(New Churney Road).

The **Gaumont Gazette** and a **Comedy** in the Programme.

Four Shows To-Night: 5-30; 7; 8-45, 10-15 p.m. (S.T.)

Coming Shortly !

SAKUNTALA

Our first Production with the best Indian and American technical and acting artists.

THE ORIENTAL FILM Mfg. Co., Ltd.,

Lovjee's Castle, Parel,

BOMBAY.

THE EMPIRE

Daily at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

"The Splendid Coward"

Harma Photoplay

From the novel by Houghton Townley.

Adapted and produced under the direction of F. Martin Thorton.

"The Splendid Coward"

The story of a man who made the Great Sacrifice to save his mother.....Grim and Dramatic story of a Polish man....Brilliant Acting by Dick Swinton (James Knight) and wonderful settings.

Featuring a New Star on

The Empire Screen

MISS DORA DUNDAS

in a beautiful Picture

"The Splendid Coward"

Dear Dick,.....Father says a call will be made for volunteers for Egypt during the forthcoming regimental dinner. Don't fear for me dear I will bravely keep the secre of our engagement until you return.....Dora.

BOMBAY WASHING Co.

MILITARY SQUARE
Opposite Watson's Hotel, Fort.

Pioneer Cleaners.

35 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

Beware of real dry cleaning without aid of water. Felt hats cleaned within two hours. Suits and Dresses within six hours, charges extra except white flannels.

CINEMA MAJESTIC

Tram Terminus, Girgaum.

Daily at 7, 8-45, and 10-30

A Superb Universal special Attraction

SMASHING THROUGH

Featuring Steel-nerved

HERBERT RAWLINSON

A two-fisted thriller that makes every man want to slap him on the back and every woman hug him together with the newest.

UNIVERSAL SCREEN MAGAZINE :—

See the wonderful electric fountain of New Orleans. American Police Dogs &c.

Also a brand new LKO Comedy with

DAN RUSSEL.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL

ENCOURAGE INDIAN INDUSTRY.

Enquiries Solicited for

ALL KINDS OF OIL-PAINTS.

(Moist-paste or Ready-mixed).

GENUINE RAW, PALE BOILED AND DOUBLE BOILED LINSEED OILS.

VARNISHES, GOLD-SIZE, BLACK-JAPAN, 'STICK-FAST' PUTTY &c.

Manufactured by:—

THE INDIAN WHITE PAINT MFG. CO.

Pioneer PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES MANUFACTURERS IN INDIA.

Telegrams:—"Whitepaint"—'Phone No. 3960

Factory & Offices: **BYCULLA, BOMBAY.**

"WATCHMAN, WHAT OF THE NIGHT?"

In sooth, we are all passing through a long long night at present, when the hidden foes of mankind are lurking about, ready to stab us in the dark, while we have all fallen asleep, as if were, in a false sense of security.

"Watchman, what of the night?" ask the more vigilant among us, and the watchman replies. "I see a feeling of uneasiness coming over many of you, some are shivering with fits of ague, I hear the groans of aching limbs and high fever, and I find the subtler sounds of a cough drowned in the spasmodic efforts of a sneeze. I gather from all these that Influenza, Malaria, and the other Fevers are abroad. Take timely heed and keep at hand a bottle of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, the National Remedy of India for Influenza, Malaria and all other Fevers. Remember the dangers of delay, for in the last epidemic of Influenza the rush for Squibb's was so great that many of you could not get a bottle at whatever cost."

SOLD ALL OVER INDIA.

MADON SONS & CO.,

Crawford Market, Bombay.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

Nobody's Safe

from an outbreak of fire. Don't let yourself be lulled into a False Feeling of Security—get the real protection of the Most Effective Chemical Fire Extinguisher.

THE "ROYAL" FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

have already been the means of saving many a life.

SOLE AGENTS:

LONDON, EASTERN AND AMERICAN TRADING Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

It goes without saying that

Ballwalla & Homi,

who have their Show-rooms at Hornby Road, opposite Whiteaway and Kalbadevi Road, are the

LEADING OPTICIANS OF BOMBAY

Enterprise and progress are their watchwords and if you are in need of anything, the newest, the latest in the Spectacle Line, you cannot do better than have a peep in one of their Show-rooms.

They possess unrivalled testimonials from such high personages as H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla, H. H. the Raja of Jawhar, H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Gondal, the Hon. Sir D. D. Daver, Justice of the High Court, the Hon. Sir Jamsetji Jeejibhoy, Bart., Sir D. J. Tata and a host of others, some to the effect that their complicated Lenses which could not be got anywhere else in India, were supplied on demand by BALLWALLA & HOMI, the workmanship of which is as good as any of Europe or America.

They have the unique distinction of having won more than one gold medal, for superb craftsmanship.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

Liverpool, June 5th.

		Bales.
Total Days' Sales at Liverpool		6,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Ex.		—
" " Sales of East Indian		—
" " Imports		13,000
Mid. American Spot		26.10
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels		—
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	July	30.20
	Oct.	29.26
	Jan.	28.55
New Orleans 10 a.m.	July	30.30
	Oct.	28.48

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, June 5th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
June	—
July	18.58+ 8
Aug.	18 43+13
Sept.	18.17+14
Oct.	17.67+ 7
Nov.	—
Dec.	—
Jan.	17.47+13
Feb.	17.16— 6
Mar.	—
April	17.12+20

Prices taken at 10-16 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, June 5th.

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
June	18.95—20
July	18.55—25
Aug.	18.15—12
Sept.	17.82—20
Oct.	17.54—26
Nov.	17.38—25
Dec.	17.21—25
Jan.	17.04—24
Feb.	16.94—22
Mar.	16.80—24
April	16.69—23

EGYPTIAN FUTURE.

Liverpool, June 5th.

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
June	27.09 Unchgd.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, June 5th.

M.G. Bengal Good	14.45
" " Fully Good	14.95
" " Fine	15.20
" No. 1 Oomra Good	16.55
" " Fully Good	17.05
" " Fine	17.30
" Broach Good	17.55
" " Fully Good	17.80
" " Fine	18.05

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Thursday, June 5th.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

		£		£
Total Bullion	—	36,900,000	Inc.	800,000
Public Deposits	—	21,400,000	"	400,000
Other do.	—	127,500,000	"	5,900,000
Govt. Securities	—	55,720,000	"	6,200,000
Other do.	—	80,200,000	"	300,000
Notes and Gold	—	27,200 000	Dec.	200,000

The Bank Reserve is 19 % of the Liabilities.

MONEY MARKETS.

London, June 5th.

Rentes 3 %	61 1/4
Bar Silver Spot	53 1/8
" 2 months hence	53 1/8
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	2 5/16
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 5/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 —
" " 4 "	4 1/4
Interest day to day loans	2 3/4
" 7 day market loans	3 1/8
Consols 2½ %	54—¼
Ewpts Paper 3 % Nominal	60+¼
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan	87½—¼
Government Securities 3 %	58½—¼
Rx: On London at Paris France	30.00+30

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£ 77
Hongkong Bank	£ 106

WAR LOANS.

London, June 5th.

5½ % 1929—1928	£88½	Unchgd.
4½ % 1925—1945	£99½	
5 % New	£94½	

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, June 5th.

WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe—62½ lbs. Quoted	80
Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. Quoted	80
Linseed Calcutta on 3rd June June-July Sellers	930
Linseed Calcutta on 4th June June-July Sellers	965

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Feroseopore usual Bold May-July Nominal	940
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lb. ex-ship June-July	900
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship June-July Buyers	810
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship June-July Value	970
Linseed, Argentine, (La Plata) June-Aug. Buyers	880
Cottonseed, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) June-Augt. Sellers	800
Toria Rapeseed May-July Paid	880

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£81½
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£78½
Copper Braziers	£112½
Yellow Metals	103
Hard Spelter	£23½

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta July-Sept. Sellers	32
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta July-Sept. Buyers	34
Tone:—Very firm.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure June-July Sellers	2/5½
Plantation First Latex Crepe for July	1/10½
Tone:—Steady.	

FISH OIL PURE

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

TAYEBALLY ALLIBHOY & CO.,

Sivri, Colaba,

BOMBAY Post No. 25.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

June, 10.

The Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 527½ for Fully Good Broach, July, August, and after advancing to Rs. 534½ declined, to Rs. 531. Later on the price improved to Rs. 533 and remained steady for some time, but on a Japanese firm buying the rate advanced to Rs. 540. It then dropped to Rs. 486 and improved to Rs. 539, and at about 4 p.m., had advanced to Rs. 543½. The bazaar closed at Rs. 543. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 541, declined to Rs. 535½ and closed as under.

Ready cotton is steadier, but there has not been much improvement in the demand.

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

		Rs
Fully Good Broach	July-August	538
Fully Good Bengal	July	416
Fine Oomras	July	476
Good Southerns	June	516
Good Southerns	July-August	516

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD.

SETTLEMENT RATES 10TH JUNE. 1919.

		Rs.
Fully Good M.G. Broach	July-Augt	532
" " " Bengal	July	412
Fine M.G. Oomras	July	470
Fine M.G. Oomras	Sept.	482
Good " Southerns	June	507
" " "	July-August.	510

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 9th June 1919.

Cotton	13 040	bales.
Wheat	13,421	Qrs.
Linseed	11 989	"
Rape, etc.	2,746	"
Gingellyseed	35	"
Poppyseed	1,350	"
Groundnuts	1 823	"
Castorseed	1,010	"
Rice	1,698	"
Myrabollams	Nil	
Cottonseed	19,787	"
Mowrasseed	298	"
Gram	6 620	"
Jowar	1,573	"
Maize	Nil	
Barley	Nil	

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce:

Bombay, June 10th 6-0, p. m.

Ready.	Bazaar Terms. Rs. as. p.	Ball Delivery. Rs. as. p.
Wheat White Delhi 76-26	74 0 0	10 12 0
" " Cawnpore 76-26	74 0 0	10 12 0
" Karachi Bangla	74 0 0	10 12 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	17 8 0	18 4 0
" Cawnpore	17 4 0	18 0 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	15 0 0	— — —
Linseed Brown Bold	23 0 0	24 0 0
" This	22 8 0	23 8 0
Teelseed White 85-15	110 0 0	— — —
" Gajar 76-25	107 0 0	— — —
" Black	92 0 0	— — —
" Gajar 50-50	105 0 0	— — —
Poppyseed, White	21 0 0	— — —
Groundnuts	105 0 0	— — —
Barley	44 0 0	— — —
Mowrasseed	0 0 0	— — —
Castorseed	80 0 0	— — —

BOMBAY AND CHINA YARN MARKET.

Bombay, June 10th.

	Rate per Rs. Rs. as. p.
Davids No. 16	1 0 12
Shapurji No. 16	0 15 12
Currimbhai No. 12½	1 0 10
Light House No. 6½	0 13 8

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 10th.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1 7 31/32
Bank Demand	1 8 1/32
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1 8 3/32
Fcs. Demand	248
American Dollars	260½
Hongkong "	215
Shanghai "	321
Japan "	126¾
Singapore "	142

Market Steady.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET

BOMBAY, June, 10.

BULLION.

Bar Gold, 33-2-6.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London, 1-7, 31-32.
D. D. on London, 1-8, 1-32.
Credit 3Msd/a, 1-8, 3-6.
D. D. on France, 240 frcs.
Credit 3Med/a, 266 frcs.
T. T. on Japan, Rs. 128.
60 D/st. Japan, Rs. 124.
D. D. on Hongkong, Rs. 215.
D. D. on Shanghai, Rs. 321.
D. D. on Singapore, Rs. 142.
D. D. on New York, Rs. 260-8-0.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent. War Loan, 94.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1920-22, 100-4.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan, 84.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan, 96.
3½ per cent. Paper, 70.
4½ per cent. Port Trust Long dated, 89.
4 per cent. Port Trust long dated, 84.
4 per cent. Municipal long dated, 82.
4 per cent. Municipal short dated, 92.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust long dated, 82.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa, 91.
5 per cent Municipal Sanitary, 91.
The following are the Bank rates:—

Bank of Bombay ...	6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal ...	6 per cent.
Bank of Madras ...	6 per, cent.

SHARES.

The market continues steady to firm with good business passing.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Tata Prudentials at Rs. 30 to 32 premium.
Jupiter at Rs. 12 premium.
The following are the rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—
Swadeshi, 2,380; Swan, 840; Simplex, 557-8; Shapoorji, 146-4; Madhowji, 2,350; Luxmi, Cotton, 1,890; Kohinoor, 1,455; Currimbhoy, 460; Kastoorchand, 1,150; Finlay, 657-8; Fazulbhoy, 880; David, 650; Crescent, 270; Colaba, 1,795; Century, 475; Cotton, 530; Bombay Dyeing, 1,625; Bundi, 63; Century, Mining, 43; Katni Defd. 1,890; Katni, Ord. 375; Tata Old Defd. 1,330; Tata new defd. 625; Tata ord. 126; Shivrajpur, 47-8; Alcocks, 975; By. Burma, 1,015; Brt. Burma Petrol, 28; By. Tramway, 820; By. Steam, 427-8; Tata Hydro. 1,560; Tata Bank, 42-8; Tata Oil, 340.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange:—
Swadeshi, 2,380; Swan, 845; Simplex, 557-8; Shapoorji, 146-4; Madhowji, 2,350; Luxmi Cotton, Kohinoor 1,452-8; Currimbhoy, 460; Kasteorchand, 1,150; Finlay, 657-8; Fazulbhoy, 872-8; David, 650; Crescent, 270; Colaba, 1,790; Century, 480; By. Cotton, 580; By. Dyeing, 1,610; Bundi, 63; Cen. Mining, 44; Katni Ord., 375; Katni, Defd. 1,890; Tata new defd. 587-8; Tata old defd. 1,320; Tata ord., 267-8; Shivrajpur, 37; Alcocks, 975; By. Burma, 375; Bt. Burma, 28-12; By. Steam, Tata Hydro., 1,560; Tata Bank, 42-8; Tata Oil 342-8.

"MILL-STORE AND CHEMICALS MARKETS."

(From our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, June, 10

After the cessation of the hostilities, upward tendency in the quotations of chemicals, has never been witnessed, and a slow and sustainel fall in the prices of almost all chemicals has been evident. Many merchants holding very large stock of various chemicals have been eager to sell off their stock, but buyers there were few, since, they never thought of over stocking themselves. Even the mills made purchases just sufficient to meet with their immediate consumption. Those who go in for making purchases, never do so, unless they secure indents or orders from their clients or the mills.

Sodium was as high as Rs. 80 per cwt., but the prices have now come down to such low quotations as Rs. 10 per cwt., while genuine United Alkali Sodium fetches Rs. 14 per cwt., Large stocks are still available from the markets, but there is no free changing of hands as before. Monsoon has now set in, and so, holders of Zinc Chloride look forward with an eye of hopes, that the prices will be somewhat higher, and the demand more brisk and animated. The quotations for the present are Rs. 25 per cwt., for ordinary English stuff, while genuine Hytra is quoted at Rs. 30 per cwt., English Bleaching is now reported to have come, or is very likely to come in the market from Home. There always has been very fair demand for English Bleaching from all centres, while Japanese had little. It was only in absence of English that Japanese was consumed. There are many importers now ready for booking indents for English Bleaching. The prices current in the market are Rs. 27 per cwt., while forward indent prices are still less. Japanese is quoted at Rs. 15 or even less. The other quotations during this week are as follows:—
Sodium Sulphide U.A., Rs. 14 per cwt.
Sodium Sulphide American, Rs. 10 per cwt.
Hytra Zinc Chloride, Rs. 30, per cwt.
English Zinc Chloride, Rs. 25, per cwt.
Caustic Soda, 98 per cent. U. A., Rs. 34, per cwt
Glauber Salt, Rs. 5-4-0, per cwt.
Washing Soda, Rs. 8 per cwt.
Turkey Red Oil 50 per cent. Rs. 33 per cwt.
Soft Soap, Rs. 20 per cwt.
Epsom Salt, Rs. 12, per cwt.
Magnesium Chloride, Rs. 13, per cwt.
Soda Ash, Rs. 130 per ton.

There is a very fair consumption of Country made Glauber salt and Washing Soda, since, good quantities recently manufactured by several Indian factories have stood thee test and competition of American as well as English stuff.

Among Sizing ingredients, there has been little rise noticeable except Sago, and Rice Starch. Sago, was imported in very little quantities from Singapore, as the prices there were ruling very high, and the freight was not available. The quotations for the best quality Pink are now varying between Rs. 18 to Rs. 20 per cwt. Some stock is now expected by several merchants, and about 500 bags are reported to have been shipped from Singapore. Farina has undergone further fall during the few weeks. K. Quality Farina is now quoted at Rs. 22 per cwt., the consumers are to some extent perplexed, since, there was free adulteration of inferior starches by several week holders who wanted to escape their losses, as reported by some consumers. Japan quotations are still ruling very high, and are between 25 to 30 yens. The other starches are during this week quoted as follows:—
Dextrine, Rs. 34, per cwt.
Sago Pink, Rs. 18, per cwt.
Farina K., Rs. 22, per cwt.
Rice Starch, Rs. 40, per cwt.
Maize Starch, Rs. 37, per cwt.
Sizing Flour, Rs. 21-12-0, per cwt.

MILL STORES.

The quotations have remained almost steady as quoted last in our columns. No rise has been at all evident. Demand is as usual fair. Business, is however not so brisk, and large profits of war time are not so easily sought by the merchants. Import is ordinary. Healds are quoted at Rs. 1-9-0 per 800 eyes, and Reeds between 4 and 5 annas per 100

MESSRS. MONTAGU'S REPORT.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., in their circular dated 8th May 1919, state:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against its note issue is £284,489,470, an increase of £285,120, as compared with last week's return.

The Director of the U. S. Mint has issued the following estimates of the World's production in thousands of Dollars.

British Empire.—
South Africa 1917 dols. 203,748; 1918 dols. 187,500.
Australia 1917 dols. 35,944; 1918 dols. 31,000.
Canada 1917 dols. 15,200; 1918 dols. 14,782.
British India 1917 dols. 10,756; 1918 dols. 10,000.
Total 1917 dols. 265,648; 1918 dols. 243,282.
United States of America 1917 dols. 83,754; 1918 dols. 68,493.
Russia 1917 dols. 18,000; 1918 dols. 15,000.
All other sources 1917 dols. 56,188; 1918 dols. 50,000.
Total 1917 dols. 423,590; 1918 dols. 376,775.

The Rhodesian gold output for March 1919 amounted to £225,808, as compared with £230,023 for March 1918 and £220,885 for February 1919.

SILVER.

The American Government announced on Monday that the maximum of 101½ cents the fine ounce, hitherto officially imposed, was removed. The market on Tuesday was therefore free from restriction, and business was done up to 102¾ cents. Intimation appears to have been given at the same time that licences to export would be freely granted.

Although two days have elapsed since this announcement was known on this side, control, at the time of "fixing" to-day, had not been removed from the London Market. Business meanwhile is in absolute suspense, as the London quotations, calculated as they are upon the now fictitious basis of 101½ cents (American price), have no relation whatever to the actual value of silver.

The Shanghai exchange has risen to 5s./0½d. the tael.

Owing to the activity of the Indian export trade, the Indian Council recommenced offering remittances for tender. The amount thus dealt with on Tuesday was 60 lakhs. A similar amount will be put up for tender next week. About a thousand more lakhs of silver are held in the Note Reserves than on October 15th the last occasion when tenders were solicited.

INDIAN CURRENCY RETURNS.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

Notes in circulation April 15, 15,409; April 22, 15,352; April 30, 15,372.
Silver coin and bullion in India April 15, 3,511; April 22, 3,453; April 30, 3,474.
Silver coin and bullion out of India April 15, 285; April 22, 285; April 30, 285.
Gold coin and bullion in India April 15, 1,443; April 22, 1,444; April 30, 1,455.
Gold coin and bullion out of India April 15, 312; April 22, 312; April 30, 300.
Securities (Indian Government) April 15, 1,608; April 22, 1,608; April 30, 1,608.
Securities (British Government) April 15, 8,250; April 22, 8,250; April 30, 8,250.

152 lakhs of rupees were minted during the week.

The stock in Shanghai on the 26th ultimo, consisted of about 31,400,000 ounces in sycee and 16,900,000 dollars. No fresh news has come to hand.

Quotations for bar silver per oz. std.

May 2, 48. 11/16d. cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
May 3, 48. 11/16d. cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
May 5, 48. 11/16d. cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
May 6, 48. 9/16d. cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
May 7, 48. 5/8d. cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
May 8, 48. 5/8d. cash nom. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
Average 48. 645d. cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
Bank Rate 5 per cent.
Bar Gold per oz. std. 77/9.
The quotation to-day for cash delivery is 3/16d. below that fixed a week ago.

Is Your Baby Like this?

IS your Baby like this? This is how you picture your Baby when you think of him, and this is the sort of Baby, Glaxo builds. Full of the joy of life, spirits overflowing, happy as the day is long, trusting to his Mother for everything.

Glaxo builds Babies like this because it contains everything for this proper development—it develops the brain and the body perfectly, regularly, and persistently—firm flesh, dense bone, and a quickened intelligence.

Should the mother be desirous of feeding her Baby naturally, but the Breast Milk be deficient in quality or quantity, the difficulty can frequently be overcome by the mother taking Glaxo herself, or she can give her Baby Glaxo in turn with the breast.

This, perhaps, is the best method, for should the mother become ill or have to go away, or when weaning time comes, there is no anxiety over baby's food. However worried, anxious, or upset his mother may be, Baby can still have his Glaxo, and the regularity of his feeding, so essential to his welfare, is not interfered with.

This is because Glaxo is simply the nourishing solids of milk made more nourishing by the addition of cream and milk sugar, and made germ-free and easily digestible by the Glaxo Process, which causes the tough, leathery curd of the original milk to form into light, flaky particles similar to the Lact-albumen of Breast Milk and thus different from any other Milk Food. That is why nurses agree that it is the one Food which prevents babies being entirely bottle-fed.

Failing Breast Milk altogether, give your Baby Glaxo, and see him grow stronger, happier and healthier as the days go by.

By Royal Appointment to the Court of Italy.

Glaxo

By Royal Appointment to the Court of Spain.

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THE INDO-BRITISH TRADING CORPORATION.

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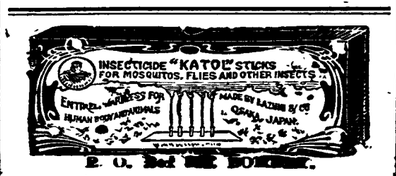
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GUARANTEED WATERPROOF PAULINS

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Any sizes available for immediate delivery.

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FEO. JAMES'

Electro-Tonic Pearls.

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of overwork and dissipation. In cases of premature old age and weariness after slight effort, these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

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Price: Bottle of 44 Pearls, Rs. 2-8-0.

V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

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BOMBAY, CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Mails for Natal Cape Colony and other ports closes at 3 p.m.

The Mail steamer Dilwara, with the China and Australian mails is expected to arrive in Bombay at 6 a.m.

Mails for Mauritius, Reunion and Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per extra s.s. Surat via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m.

Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Zanzibar, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. Pundua will be closed at the General Post Office at 5 p.m. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa and unregistered correspondence for G. E. Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

THURSDAY, June 12.

Mails for Charbar, Muscat, Henjam, Linga, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Bushire, Bahrein and Gwadur, will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. Registered letters and parcels will be accepted up to 4-0 p.m.

Mails steamer Novara, with outward mails of 22nd ultimo, arrives at 7 a.m.

FRIDAY, June 13.

Declaration of B. A. Examination Results, 12-30.

Declaration of School Leaving Examination Results 6 p.m.

SATURDAY, June 14.

S. S. Chanda with Homeward English Mails leaves at noon.

MONDAY, June 16.

Municipal Corporation Meeting, Municipa Hall, 3-40 p.m.

G. I. P. TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY

	Arr. H.	Arr. M.	Dep. H.	Dep. M.
Punjab Mail	16	30	13	0
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	11	0	20	30
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur).	7	15	13	30
Madras Mail	18	40	21	10
Poona Mail	11	30	14	45
Poona Express	19	40	7	55
Delhi Express	8	30	7	0

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY TIMINGS.

The timings of Mail and Express trains on the B. B. and C I Railway on and after 1st April, 1919, are as follows:—

	Arr. H.	Arr. M.	Dep. H.	Dep. M.
Northern Express	12	0	17	0
Gujarat Mail	8	25	20	45
Kathiawar Express	7	50	21	0
Fast Passenger	21	10	7	20

As a temporary measure the Northern Express is due to arrive Colaba at about 23 hours instead of noon.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

The total number of deaths from all causes in Bombay on Monday was 158-as against 171 on Sunday and 85 on the corresponding day of last year. Smallpox registered 5 attacks and 3 deaths on Monday.

BOMBAY JEWISH SPORTING CLUB.

The Annual and Election Meeting of the Club will be held at the Israelite School Hall on Saturday the 14th June at 7-30 p.m.

THE K. R. CAMA ORIENTAL INSTITUTE.

The Committee of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute had invited competitive Essays from College students of either sex for "The Bai Aimai K. R. Cama Prize" of the value of Rs. 50 on the following subject:—"A short Critical Paper on the Language and the Ideas conveyed in the 12th Chapter of the Yasna, "Naismi Daevo." Out of the essays received, the essay of Mr. Jal Phiroze Balsara has won the prize, which will be awarded on the occasion of the Anniversary of the late Mr. Cama which falls on 20th August, 1919.

A sum of Rs. 50 has been received for the Bai Aimai K. R. Cama Memorial Account Fund in memory of the 24th anniversary of her passing away from her children and sister Miss. Serene M. Cursetjee.

GLORIA CHURCH, BYCULLA.

The following are further donations towards the Church in answer to the appeal by the Revd. L. C. Pera, for funds to clear off the debts:—Amount previously acknowledged Rs. 22,128-14-6; Club of Santa Cruz, Tank Bunder, Bombay, Rs. 225-5; Collections at the Masses on Easter Sunday, Rs. 378-3-9; Mr. D. F. Pereira, Byculla, Rs. 30; through Mr. J. P. Gomes, Ville Parle, Rs. 17; through Mr. C. M. Cordeiro, Byculla, Rs. 32; through Mr. A. F. Ramos, Bushire Rs. 43; through Miss Ubaldina Pinto, Byculla, Rs. 100; through Messrs. A. G. Gomes and Bros. Kampala (B. E. Africa), Rs. 19-8; through Mr. Simson da Costa, Byculla, Rs. 60; K. C. B. F. Rs. 20; through Mr. Josephus Camillus de Lima, Bukakata, (B. E. Africa), Rs. 50-8: Sums under Rs. 15. Rs. 165-6-0: total Rs. 23,269-13-9 balance required Rs. 76,730-2-3. The charitable persons are kindly requested to help this most deserving cause.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS.

	Rs.	a.	p.
India's Claim for Home Rule, by Das	2	0	0
Kingdom of Youth, by J. H. Cousins	0	8	0
Soul of India	0	4	0
Pictures of Indian Life	1	8	0
Garland of Life	1	0	0
Speeches of M. A. Jinnah	2	0	0
Heroes of the Hour	1	8	0
Tilak's Speeches	1	8	0
Renascence in India	2	0	0
Hon. Madan Mohan Malaviya's Speeches	8	0	0
The Modern Apostle of Freedom (President Wilson)	1	0	0
How India Can Save the Empire	1	0	0
Some unpublished and later Speeches and Writings of the Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta	4	8	0
Is India Civilized? (of Cloth bound and Gilt	2	0	0
What India Wants	0	8	0
Indian Demand	1	0	0
Pal's Indian Nationalism	2	0	0

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BOMBAY.

PUBLIC GARDENS IN CITY.

PARK OF 8 ACRES AT MAHIM.

The following letter dated 20th May 1919 from the Commissioner, Bombay Municipality, will be considered by the Corporation at its June meeting:—

"I have the honour to refer to Corporation Resolution dated the 16th August 1917, asking me to place before the Corporation a scheme for gradually providing small open spaces or gardens in densely populated parts of the City. A provision of one lakh of rupees for this purpose has been made in each of the last 2 loan works budget. A proposal for providing a play ground in Kamathipura is now under the consideration of a Committee, and the Roads Committee has just recommended to the Corporation the adoption of my proposal to provide a park of about 8 acres near Mahim Agar Bazar as a part of the Mahim Development Scheme. Further provisions for the purpose of providing open spaces will be made in future budgets, but I do not think it possible to lay down any definite scheme as sites for play grounds in congested localities can be obtained only with difficulty and as opportunities occur."

CLAIMS OF INDIAN CANDIDATES IN MUNICIPALITY.

The following letter dated 3rd June 1919 addressed by Dr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia to the Bombay Municipality, will be taken up by the Corporation at its June meeting:—

"I beg to give notice that at the June meeting of the Corporation, I shall move—

'That the Corporation are of opinion that in making appointments to any post in this Municipality, the Commissioner should give preference to Indian candidates provided their qualifications, training and experience are not less than those of their non Indian competitors and that the appointment of the Municipal Commissioner and all appointments in this Municipality carrying a salary of Rs. 500 or more should be vested in the Corporation on the lines of the appointments of Executive Health Officer, Executive Engineer and Hydraulic Engineer and that the President be requested to address Government for an amendment of the Municipal Act accordingly.'"

MARKET AT CHOWPATTY.

The following letter dated 19th May 1919, from the Commissioner, Bombay Municipality, will be considered by the Corporation at its June meeting:—

"I have the honour to refer to the Corporation Resolution No. 3473 dated the 30th August 1917, recording the report of the Committee appointed by the Corporation regarding a site for the proposed market at Chowpatty. I am in correspondence with the City Improvement Trust with a view to obtaining possession of the plot of land to the north of the municipal water main at the foot of the Malabar Hill proposed to be acquired for the location of the market. In the meantime, I forward herewith a plan, showing the proposed market. The cost of constructing it will amount approximately to Rs. 2,00,000. as in the rough estimate attached. In the plan provision has been made for 4 beef stalls in a part of the market quite separate from the other sections. If this scheme is approved, detailed plans and estimates will be prepared and submitted for the approval of the Corporation."

ENLARGEMENT OF SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

The following letter dated 6th May, 1919 from the Secretary of the Schools Committee, will be considered by the Bombay Municipal Corporation at its June meeting:—

"With reference to your No. 6141 of 5th December, 1918, forwarding to me Corporation Resolution of 5th December, 1918, and your letter of 13th March, 1919, forwarding to me Corporation Resolution of 13th March, 1919. I have the honour to state the Schools Committee have carefully considered the suggestion made by Government in para. 5 of their letter, Educational Department, of 29th November, 1918, to the President of the Corporation, namely, that Section 39 of the Bombay Municipal Act be amended so as to provide that the Schools Committee shall consist of 16 members, 12 to be elected by the Corporation from the Municipal Councillors and the remaining 4 to be selected by the Corporation or the 12 elected members. The Committee came to the conclusion by a majority of 7 to 3, that "in consideration of the fact that the Schools Committee is an Executive Body it was not desirable to increase the present number of its members, which is 12, but that only 10 out of these members may be elected by the Corporation and the remaining two, one of them a lady, be co-opted by the ten elected members of the Committee."

MARKET AT BYCULLA.

The following letter dated 18th February last, written by Mr. Ananthram Vaikuntram to the Bombay Municipal Corporation, with regard to the need of a vegetable market at Byculla will be considered at the June meeting of the Corporation:—

The letter in question states, with reference to the letter written to him in pursuance of Corporation Resolution, dated the 23rd January, 1919, regarding the condition of the Meher Market at Byculla, that as it has been admitted that there is congestion and overcrowding in that market and that its expansion is impossible, he would invite attention to the following sites which are quite suitable for a wholesale and retail vegetable market in the Byculla locality and are convenient to consumers and dealers:—

(1) The site attached to the Crystal Ice Factory.

(2) The site opposite the Salvation Army Gujarati Schools in New Souter Street.

(3) The site behind Mr. Bayaji Kale's building in DeLisle Road opposite Byculla Station.

(4) The site on the east side of the twelve chawls of the Improvement Trust at Agripada.

(5) The site behind the Khatau Makanji Mills in Souter Street.

It is further stated in the letter, that any one of these sites may be selected for a Municipal market the construction of which may be proceeded with as soon as possible in order to relieve the inconvenience to the public early and that in the meanwhile steps may be taken to have sheds put up in the Meher Market before the monsoon, to have it paved completely and to prevent bullock carts getting in the market.

The following is the Resolution of the Standing Committee passed thereon dated the 28th May, 1919:—

"That the letter, dated the 18th February, 1919, from Mr. Ananthram Vaikuntram, suggesting certain sites for a vegetable market at Byculla, and the Commissioner's report thereon, No. E. G. 27/A, dated the 24th May, 1919, be forwarded to the Corporation, with reference to their Resolution No. 8913, dated the 6th March, 1919, with the recommendation of the Standing Committee that the applicant be informed that none of the sites suggested by him is available for a market at Byculla and that endeavours are being made to find a suitable site."

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

ANGLO-INDIAN'S FOURTH CONVICTION

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Aston, Inspector Smith of the C.I.D. charged one Terrance Patrick Crowley, an Anglo-Indian, aged 36, with criminal breach of trust in respect of ten pairs of ladies' shoes and boots, valued at about Rs. 160 belonging to Mr. A. G. Kaspakhan, a general merchant in Bombay.

It appeared that accused came to the complainant on the 1st May last, and presented a visiting card bearing the complainant's name and address and said that the same was given to him by the complainant's wife at Ranchi. Later on, he requested the complainant for some job whereupon the complainant said that he had two consignments of shoes, and if he could sell them he would give him (accused) fair commission. The accused agreed to it, and took some samples to show to customers. Some days after the accused again came to the complainant's shop, and in the complainant's absence asked his clerk for some more samples which request was complied with. Again on May 18, he came to the complainant and said that he was expecting to book an order in an hour or two and asked for two pairs of shoes as samples. After taking these two pairs of shoes he never turned up to the complainant. Consequently, the latter grew suspicious and lodged a complaint with the police who arrested the accused and recovered the property from various places.

Mr. R. J. Mulla, a shoe-merchant, deposed that the accused once came to his office and wanted to sell eight pairs of shoes. The accused sold one pair of shoes in his presence for Rs. 10

Mr. G. J. Kharas said that he purchased a pair from the accused for Rs. 10.

Mr. G. Michael deposed that he knew the accused. The accused gave a pair of shoes to his sister as present

The accused who had three previous convictions pleaded not guilty. He was however, convicted on evidence and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment

JUVENILES SENT TO REFORMATORY SCHOOL.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Aston, Sergeant McKenna charged Maganlal Veljee, aged 15, Rewashanker Jadhoojii, aged 13, and Chunilal Hiralal, aged 12, with the theft of eight caps, valued at Rs. 15-8-0, the property of one Umer Salehmahomed, a cap-merchant.

The complainant deposed that a box of caps, packed to be sent upcountry was lying in front of his shop. Subsequently the box was found broken and eight caps missing from within. The theft was reported to the police who recovered six caps, two from each of the accused.

All the accused pleaded guilty but said that they did not break open the box and steal the caps. Another man, their companion, stole the caps and entrusted them to them for safe custody. They were convicted and sentenced to three years' confinement in the Salvation Army's Reformatory School at Byculla.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A MENDICANT WOMAN.

Dr. W. Nunan, Coroner, held an inquest touching the death of Madarbai, a mendicant woman, aged about 50. Mr. C. N. Rich, Deputy Manager Princes and Victoria Docks said he was driving his motor cycle with its side car at 11-30 p.m. on the 29th May along Queen's Road. He was on the proper side of the road and being dark he was constantly blowing his horn; his lights were in order. He suddenly saw a dark object outside the Hindu Burial Ground, and almost simultaneously he struck the deceased. He realised that he had struck a woman and went back and found her sitting on the road. He placed her on the side of the road and had her taken to the hospital in a car. He then reported the matter to the police and then went to fetch his motor cycle. He was an experienced motor driver

The person who was in the side-car also corroborated the first witness. Medical evidence showed that the deceased had sustained compound fracture of both bones of the right leg. She died of septecaemia on Monday night.

A verdict of accidental death exonerating the driver was returned by the jury.

VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

The Hony. Secretary of the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind announces the receipt of the following contributions towards the Schools:—

Amount previously acknowledged, Rs. 3,84,812-15-11; the Trustees of the Kanji Khetsi Charities, for January, 1919, through their Chairman, Mr. Vishwanath P. Vaidya, Rs. 200; Lodge Bearman, 1069, S.C., through its Treasurer, Mr. Hormasji, D. Dubash, Rs. 50; a Parsi family in fond and loving memory of their beloved mother, Rs. 50; Mr. Cowasji Merwanji Damania, in commemoration of his grandson Byramji's 7th birthday on 28th February, 1919, Rs. 27; Shah Nagardas Juthabhai Mehta, Rs. 25; H. E. the Rt. Hon. Sir George A. Lloyd, G.C.I.E., D.S.O., Governor of Bombay, Rs. 25; Mr. Sham Lal Mehra, Rs. 10; Bai Shrinbai Muncherji Cama, Rs. 10; B. C. R., Rs. 10; Mr. J. B. Liur, Rs. 10; the United States' Steel Products Company, Rs. 10; P. N. M., Rs. 10; Mr. Baijinath Kapur, Rs. 10; Mr. J. C. G. Bowen, Rs. 10; Sir Vasanji T. Mulji, Kt., Rs. 10; the Hon. Justice Sir J. J. Heaton, Kt., Rs. 10; V. F. T., Rs. 10; Mr. Hormasji E. Allbless in sad memory of Bai Meherbai H. Allbless, Rs. 10; sums of and under rupees five, Rs. 106-8; total rupees 3,85,416-7-11.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY.

REPORT FOR FIRST QUARTER

HAVOC OF SMALL-POX AND CHOLERA EPIDEMICS.

The Health Officer of the Bombay Municipality in the course of his report for the first quarter of this year says:—

I have pointed out in several recent reports that the population of the City is nearly three lakhs in excess of that enumerated at the Census of 1911 and that this increase should be borne in mind in discussing the vital statistics. The Tramway figures of passengers conveyed which have been quoted in the past as part of evidence pointing to this excess continue to lend increasing support to this observation In the quarter under report, 13,45,004 more passengers travelled in the cars than in the corresponding period of 1918. The total mortality for the quarter was 23,833; 1,043 of these deaths were of persons not resident in Bombay and included 231 amongst the inmates of the different War Hospitals. These two latter figures are lower than those for the last quarter which registered 1,344 deaths among persons not belonging to Bombay and included 529 deaths among the inmates of War Hospitals. Compared with other quarters, the mortality among new arrivals was the highest for any quarters except the preceding quarter (1,344) and that in the War Hospitals lower than in the previous two quarters 529 and 311). The number of live-births registered was 5,275. It exceeded the average of the corresponding quarters of the preceding decennium (1909-1918) by 241. The number of deaths among infants was 3,465. Small-pox was prevalent throughout the quarter and reached epidemic proportions in the week ending the 22nd March. The mortality from the disease during the quarter was 236 against 283, the average of the corresponding quarters of the preceding decennium. Cholera which became epidemic in the week ending the 14th December 1918 was gradually declining from the week ending the 11th January, but owing unfortunately to the labour strike which began on the 9th January and was unprecedented in duration as well as in magnitude, the incidence of the disease attained appalling proportions reaching its height in the week ending the 1st February with 3,183 cases and 2,866 deaths, the total mortality being 4,480. From the following week the epidemic began to subside, the sporadic stage being reached in the week ending the 1st March. The mortality from the disease during the quarter was 8,229 against 43, the mean of the corresponding quarters of 1909-18.

Compared with the averages of the corresponding quarters of the preceding decennium (1909 to 1918), Plague shows a diminution of 644 deaths, Small-pox of 47, Malaria of 6, and Enteric Fever of 18; on the other hand there is an increase of 115 deaths under Measles, 8,181 under Cholera, 410 under Fevers, 394 under Diarrhoeal Diseases, 243 under Nervous Diseases, 56 under Phthisis and 4,195 under Respiratory Diseases. The total mortality was 14,749 more than the decennial average (9,084).

Distributed by months, 11,375 deaths were registered in January, 7,361 in February and 5,097 in March. The highest mortality on a single day in the quarter was 725 recorded on the 27th of January; the number of deaths from Cholera on the day was 476, and from Small-pox 1, Plague being absent.

The lowest mortality (140) in the quarter was registered on the 26th and 28th February and included 1 death from Plague on each day, 1 death from Small-pox on the former date and 2 and 4 deaths from Cholera, respectively.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Small-pox was prevalent throughout the quarter and became epidemic in the week ending 22nd March. 520 attacks were registered during the period against 1,481 in the corresponding quarter of 1918: 76 in January, 137 in February and 307 in March; 13 of the total number of cases were imported 5 in January and 8 in March. 8,229 deaths from Cholera, including 395 among recent arrivals not belonging to Bombay, were registered during the quarter against 191 in the corresponding quarter of 1918. The disease which became epidemic in the week ending 14th December 1918 declined to the sporadic stage in the week ending 1st March 1919. 9,333 cases of Cholera were registered during the quarter against 216 in the corresponding quarter of 1918; 6,257 in January; 3,047 in February and 29 in March.

The number of deaths registered from Plague was lower than in the corresponding quarter of any previous year except 1915 (99), namely 124; distributed by months 5 deaths were registered in January, 11 in February and 108 in March as compared with 71, 87 and 183 in the corresponding months of 1918. The total mortality from this cause during the quarter was 124, being 109 more than in the preceding quarter but 644 less than the decennial average (1909-1918). The highest Plague mortality recorded on a single day was 11 on the 30th of March; in January 2 on the 29th and in February 2 on the 1st and 25th.

During the quarter under review 616 deaths from Tuberculosis (555 from Tubercle of Lungs and 61 from other Tubercular diseases) were registered against 615 in the preceding quarter and 549 in the corresponding quarter of the last year; out of these 62 occurred among the inmates of the different War Hospitals.

FEVERS.

Kala Azar resgistered 1 death during the quarter.

From *Malarial Fever* 52 deaths, were registered against 48 and 51 in the fourth and the first quarters of 1918 respectively.

Influenza.—Innuenza caused 107 deaths being 2,718 less than in the fourth quarter of 1918; no death from the disease was registered in the first quarter of 1918.

The number of deaths amongst children under 5 years of age was 6,173 against 5,982 in the antecedent quarter and 4,652 in the first quarter of 1918.

CRICKET FIXTURES 1919.

HINDU CRICKET CLUB'S ASSOCIATION.

June 29—Parsi Gymkhana.
June 30—Elphinstone Cricket Club.
July 12—Hindu Gymkhana.
August 10—Hindu Gymkhana.
August 17—Islam Gymkhana.
August 24—Young Zoroastrian C. C.

GOWD SARASWAT CRICKET CLUB.

June 18—Islam Gymkhana.
June 22—Hindu Gymkhana.
June 28—Bombay Gymkhana
June 30 and July 1—Poona Gymkhana.
July 6—Islam Gymkhana (Return).
July 20—Parsi Gymkhana.
August 10—Young Zoroastrian C. Club.
August 24—Baronet C. Club.
September 7—Parsi Gymkhana (Return).

E. D. SASSOON AND CO.'S CRICKET CLUB.

June 14—Bombay Gas Co's Social Club.
June 21—Y. M. C. A. (Byculla Branch).
June 28—Ralli Brothers C. Club.
July 5—Y. M. C. A. (Central Branch).
July 12—The Mercantile Bank of India C. C.
July 19—Bombay Jewish Sporting Club.
July 26—P. J. Hindu Gymkhana B. Team
August 2—The National Bank of India C. C.
August 9—Forbes, Forbes Campbell Co's C. Club.
August 16—Killick Nixon & Co's C. C.
August 23—G. I. P. Railway B. Team.
August 30—Elphinstone College B. Team.
September 6—Paper Currency Office C. C.
September 13—B. B. & C. I. Railway B. Team.
September 20—G. I. P. Ry. Mechanics' Institute.
September 27—Turner Morrison & Co's. C. Club.
October 4—Bombay Gas Co's Social Club.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.

Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

Notts beat Derbyshire by an innings and 49 runs.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

Mr. Ahmed A. Gaya, Hon. Secretary, Muslim Students' Union, Poona, writes:—

"A Muslim Students' Union" has been started at Poona with the following aims and objects:—

(1) To provide poor and destitute Moslem students of various Colleges and Schools, with text books and fees as far possible.

(2) To provide facilities for social intercourse between Mahomedans students of various Colleges and schools and also to give them opportunities of coming in touch with the leading men of elder generations.

(3) To bring to the notice of the gentry and the leading men of the community, the difficulties and grievances of the students.

(4) To promote and encourage literary pursuits and to develop elocutionary powers of the student members.

(5) To otherwise provide for the mental, moral, and material welfare of the Mahomedan students in general.

An appeal is made to each and every member of the community to lend the (newly started) institution a helping hand by patronising the above Union.

Applications are hereby invited from the Muslim students studying in any of the colleges or schools of Poona.

Those who are in real need, should send their applications mentioning the circumstances and whether they are receiving any other scholarships, with proper testimonials.

Aplications should reach the Secretary by 30th June, 1919, at the latest at the following address:—Ranade Quarters. Ganeshkhind Road, Poona.

INDIAN REFORMS.

"THE TIDE IS NOT TO BE LOST."

Writing on May 12 on the question of Indian Reforms, "The Daily News" observes:—

The neglect of the Government to produce a policy of pacification in regard either to India or Ireland is not the least disquieting fact of the present disturbed situation. Week follows week and month follows month and still no action is taken. Meanwhile events are moving forward in both cases to a situation which cannot be evaded. The proceedings in Dublin on Friday show the grave possibilities of a position which may at any moment burst into flame, and the recent experiences of "Humiliation Day" in India are a sufficient warning of the perils of the present policy of drift. If the Montagu-Chelmsford reforms are seriously intended, every consideration of prudence requires that they should be pressed forward without delay before all confidence in the good faith of government is gone. Last night there was issued the reports of Lord Southborough's committee on the proposed reforms. With the general scheme the public are familiar. The recommendations of the committees deal (1) with the division of functions between the central and provincial governments and (2) with the franchise and allied questions. There are various departures in detail from the original proposals, and the schemes as a whole constitute a new fabric of government worthy of the claims of the Dependency and full of promise for the future. But they must be put into effect without delay if the tide is not to be lost.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. Pundua will be closed at the General Post Office at 3 p.m. on Wednesday, the 11th instant instead of at 5 p.m. the same day as previously notified correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa, unregistered correspondence for G. E. Africa, will also be forwarded by this steamer.

SIR ALI IMAM'S NEW POST.

CHIEF MINISTER TO NIZAM.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 9.

A telegram from Ranchi states that Sir Ali Imam will proceed to Hyderabad and take up the post of the Chief Minister to the Nizam's Government.

SIR M. VISWESARAYA RETIRES

MAHARAJA'S APPRECIATION OF SERVICES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MYSORE, June 10.

A "Gazette Extraordinary" announcing Sir M. Viswesaraya's retirement places on record his Highness the Maharaja's appreciation of the great services rendered to the State by this distinguished officer during a period of over six years of office, which he held with conspicuous ability. He laboured with unwearying zeal and single-minded devotion to increase the material resources of the State. As a mark of appreciation of his services his Highness has granted him a special pension of Rs. 1,250 a month.

BIRTHDAY CELEBRATIONS OF MYSORE MAHARAJA

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MYSORE, June 10.

A general holiday was observed throughout the State, yesterday, on the occasion of the 36th birthday of his Highness the Maharajah, and large crowds witnessed the procession, which was on a bigger scale than the previous years. Among his Highness' guests during the week are Sir Leslie and Lady Miller, General and Mrs Manifold, Lieut. H. Brand, R.N., Col. and Mrs. Rivett Carnac, Mr and Mrs H. P. Gibbs, Major Hildebrand, Capt. Powell, Capt. Howard Vincent, Mr Toynbee Capt. Pearson, Capt. Pedree, Mr. Howley, Mr. Morgan, Mrs. Robertson and Mrs. Godfrey Heseltine.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 10.

A land-formed depression now exists with its centre, into which both monsoon currents are feeding, but the only heavy fall of rain so far is seven inches at Gaya. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, east Central Provinces west coast of the Peninsula and local in Upper Burma, east United Provinces, Central India east, west Central Provinces, Hyderabad and north Madras coast. A few falls also occurred west of the United Provinces, east Rajputana and Mysore.

The chief amounts are—Tavoy three inches, Moulmein six, Diamond Island seven, Kyaukpyu two, Akyab six, Myitkyina one and a half, Gauhati, Cox's Bazar three, Chittagong two Parasi, Calcutta one, Jalpaiguri, Darjeeling, False Point one and a half, Ranchi one, Hazaribagh two, Purnea one and a half, Gaya seven, Benares one, Jaipur three quarters, Pachmarhi one and a half, Chanda, Bombay, Karwar one, Hyderabad Deccan two.

The rain has reduced the temperature over the east of the country, but high temperature continue to be reported from the North-West Frontier, the highest yesterday being 119 degrees at Dera Ismail Khan.

Forecast:—Increase of rainfall in north-east India with some heavy falls in Bihar and Orissa.

Summary of monsoon forecast for 1919:—

(A) The total monsoon rainfall over India as a whole is likely to be below normal, but there is nothing to indicate a large defect (B) The monsoon will probably be unsteady during June and July.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 10.

There was a slightly more doing in jute shares this afternoon with prices steady and slightly more inquiry Coals were not much in demand. The miscellaneous section was again very active and a large amount of business was put through, Thornycrofts, MacGinley & Co., F. A Sheehan, Matukalle, and Zenith Engineering being in demand. The following were the closing quotations:—Coal:—Central Collieries 9/8, Jumoni 14/8, Khoodia 13, Suratand 15/8.

Jute:—Auckland 410, s.l., Budgebudge 330, s.l., Century 17, Craig 6 10 prem., Fort William 388, Gondalpara 1,105 8, Howrah 41 12, Kamarhatty 855, Kankinarrah 775, s.l., Kinnison 815, s.l., Lansdowne 350, s.l., Orient 81 prem., Reliance 44/14, Waverley 16/8.

Tea:—Sutema 13/4.

Miscellaneous:—Anglo Oriental Navigation 42/4, Assam Saw Mills 30/4, Atlas Constructions 14/8, Behar Oil 3/4, Bengal Brass 15/12 Bengal Lead 1/4, British Burma Petroleum (Bombay Register) 2/6, British Burma Petroleum (London Register) 24/9, Buxa Timber 17/8, Bengal Telephone 175, Calcutta Landing Shipping 13/12, Calcutta Ice 26/4, s.l., Frank Ross 14/12, Forkaring Saw Mills 15/8, Howrah Oil 53/8, Indian Iron & Steel 63 prem., Indian Galvanising 20/4 Indian Standard Wagon 54, prem., Great India Phosphates 2 prem., The Jhe Cement 29, Marshall Sons 21/8, MacGinley & Co. 13/12, New Savan Sugar 14/8, Nagpur Clay 24/12 s.l., Reliance Firebrick and Pottery 26/12, Ryam Sugar 20/8, F. A. Sheehan & Co 22, Tata Industrial Bank 46 prem., Thornycrofts (India) 13/12 prem., Zenith Engineering 15/8, Villiers Engineering 1/4 Ganges Oil 35, Premier Oil 18

Government paper 4½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 70 to Rs. 70/4 and small lots at Rs. 70 6 to Rs. 70/8. War bonds 1936 was quoted at 102 12 per cent.

It is understood that Mr. G. Richards, officiating Agent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is proceeding on leave shortly and that Colonel H. A Cameron, R.E., at present on leave home, will replace him.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We regret that, during the continuance of pre-censorship, we cannot publish any correspondence.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, 11*th June,* 1919.

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WHAT AN ENGLISH OFFICER SAYS.

(FROM "TRUTH".)

I have received the following among other letters in reference to the article which appeared in the "Truth" a fortnight ago under the above heading. I select it specially for publication because, like the communication which it confirms, it contains the evidence of a trustworthy eye-witness in regard to the character and consequences of the recruiting campaign in India, while it shows that neither the abuses to which the campaign gave rise nor the results which swiftly followed were confined to the Punjab. The writer does not authorise the publication of his name; but as prudent people will always desire to know something of the source of evidence from India before accepting it, I may mention that he is an officer of the Indian Army, who has been serving in that country during the war:

"I beg to congratulate you on your article in the current issue,— "The Press-Gang in the Punjab." The evil effects which have followed the Indian Government's efforts at recruiting demand a particular inquiry. The opportunity was one which ought to have drawn the Government and the people together, for the Great War found India loyal, and anxious to prove itself actively so. The relations between individual Englishmen and Indians were never better than during the war, and the antagonism which has arisen is directed solely against the Government. A result so opposed to what might have been expected requires an explanation.

"Wherever the recruiters went trouble followed. They left behind them a wake of discontent. This was acute amongst the Sonthals in the centre, and on the north-east frontier the country is in the second year of the biggest war that side has experienced. It is long since it was found necessary to have a divisional general and staff in Burma and brigadier in Assam to put down rebellion.

"The truth is that our Government has ceased to be in sympathy with the country. This is not the fault of individuals, but of our own stupidity. Fifty years have witnessed marvellous advances, intellectual and industrial, with all their entangling complications, and our method of administration has failed to keep pace. 'One Englishman rules a tract as big as Yorkshire?' The time has passed when we can read any thing like this with pride. The country has altered, and we know the task is a physical impossibility. How much more the Indian who lives beneath it? The results are visibly bad. The civilian is unable to cope with his routine work. No time is left for the imagination to lead him into the sympathy which the Indian appreciates, and he goes on in ignorance of what he lacks. The consequences are retarded development, dissatisfaction, and unrest. These are the reasons why after twenty-five years' residence in India I support the present reform proposals."

Another Anglo-Indian correspondent suggests that there ought to be a searching inquiry into the abuses of recruiting methods during the war, with a view to some reparation of the wrongs that were done. I am glad to have such confirmation of my uniformed opinion. I do not know and cannot discover at the moment for what period the recruits were enlisted. But if it was longer than "for the duration of the war," it seems to me, that, having ascertained that in any district men were kidnapped, or coerced by any means into enlistment, you could not do anything more just or wise than to offer the men of that district their release from the Army if they chose to take it, making the reason of the Government for this offer as widely known as possible. The one hold we have on the goodwill of the people of India is through their respect for our determination to do justice, and to do it not only as between man and man, but as between Government and people. We cannot expect Indians to love British rule in the way they might love a benevolent native despot. It is an abstraction, and it is alien—alien not only in blood, but in thought and in religion. But at least we can cultivate a certain warmth of sentiment that may sweeten mere submission to irresistible power by assuring justice to every man and setting ourselves the example of upright dealing. Love of justice and hatred of oppression are common to all mankind, regardless of race and creed. The Government of India would make a powerful appeal to both if it said, "We find that certain people in authority have, without our knowledge, forced many Indians to become soldiers. We have signified our displeasure to them, and we will take no advantage of their wrongful conduct. We therefore order the discharge from the Army of those who complain that they were forced to join against their will." Is this too much to expect of the benevolent despotism which we profess to exercise in India? It is a good deal less than we have talked of doing as a mark of our appreciation of the loyalty of the Indian people during the war; and it seems to me the sort of thing that would produce a great deal more pleasure and gratitude than an offer to share with those simple-minded Orientals some of the advantages of democratic government—blessings of which they know nothing, and for which most of them probably care as little as for bowler hats or public libraries.

MR. MONTAGU AND MOSLEMS.

(FROM "THE INDEPENDENT".)

In the course of his speech in the Budget debate the Secretary of State had something to say regarding the present position of the Indian Mussalmans. That the fate of Turkey and the question of the Caliphate have been agitating the Moslem mind in India as elsewhere, for some considerable time past—and more acutely since the cessation of the war—is a well-known fact. It could scarcely have been otherwise, for the problems referred to have an abiding and fundamental importance for those owing allegiance to the Islamic faith. It is true enough that the war with Turkey was an exclusively secular conflict, but unfortunately for all concerned, with the fate of Turkey is inextricably bound up the future of the Khilafat, and it is therefore not surprising that the likelihood of the dismemberment of the Turkish Empire, as part of the post-war reconstruction upon which the Peace Conference has been engaged, should have been viewed with intense anxiety and sorrow by the Mahomedans of India. Inasmuch as the problem is not one whose disposal rests solely with Great Britain, her position in respect to it has been, and is, undoubtedly one of the greatest difficulty. At the same time the Moslem subjects of the King Emperor, have rightly maintained that they are entitled to claim that the Imperial Government would have due regard to the vital Islamic interests involved, and would adequately represent and safeguard them through all the complicated negotiations of the Peace Conference. According to Mr. Montagu this duty has been duly discharged by those who represented India at the momentous deliberations in Paris,—viz., the Secretary of State himself, Lord Sinha and the Maharaja of Bikanir. Mr. Montagu declared that "he and his colleagues in Paris at every opportunity down to Saturday last, (he was speaking on May 22nd), when assisted by three representative Indian Mahomedans (Sir Abbas Ali Baig, the Hon. Sahebzada Aftab Ahmed Khan, and Mr. A. Yusuf Ali) they dicussed the question with the Council of Four, had persistently and consistently advocated the view that a contented Mahomedan feeling in India could only be achieved by a just peace, based on the consideration of nationality."

Mr. Montagu added:—
"He could not believe that there would be any other peace than this, but he would reassure his Mahomedan fellow-subjects by saying that throughout the peace discussions in Paris there had never been one word authorised or unauthorised to indicate that anybody was foolish enough to want to interfere in the purely Mahomedan question of the Khalifate. He did not believe that any Holy Place or any building consecrated to a particular religious faith was at present in any danger of being interfered with in consequence of the peace."

We need hardly say that Mr. Montagu's confident anticipation of "a just peace, based on the consideration of nationality" in respect of Turkey will be a welcome assurance to all Moslems. The emphatic declaration that there was no desire in any quarter to interfere in "the purely Mahomedan question" of the Khilafate will also be welcomed. The further remarks in the above excerpt are too vague to be usefully commented on at present: we must wait for the full text of Mr. Montagu's speech. In saying all he said, and in the manner in which he said it. Mr. Montagu has certainly made good his introductory declaration that he "cordially sympathised with the causes of Mahomedan perturbation." But until the concrete results of the deliberations with the "Council of Four" come to light, it is impossible to say how far the grave predicament in which the Mahomedans find themselves as the result of the disruption of the Turkish Empire as it existed before the war, is likely to be permanently and satisfactorily dispelled.

A COMPLEX QUESTION.

The whole question is an undoubtedly difficult and complex one, but that makes it all the more necessary that the Mahomedan point of view should be fully and sympathetically understood by the British Government.

MR. B. G. HORNIMAN.

OFFER OF EDITORSHIP OF NEW PAPER.

"India" of May 16 says:—
We are informed that Mr. B. G. Horniman, lately editor of the "Bombay Chronicle," who is now on his way to England under a deportation order from Bombay, is to be offered the editorship of a new paper to be issued in London, called "The Republican," under the patronage of Mr. H. G. Wells and Mr. Lynch.

INDIAN REFORMS BILL.

SECOND READING PASSED.

REFERRED TO JOINT COMMITTEE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June, 6.
Recd. 11-45 p.m. June, 10.

The House of Commons have unanimously passed the second reading of the Indian Reforms Bill which was referred to the Joint Committee.

JOINT COMMITTEE'S COMPETENCE.

TO DISCUSS ALTERNATIVE PROPOSALS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 4.
Recd. 8-45 p.m., June 10.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Terrell, Mr. Bonar Law emphasised that it would certainly be within the competence of the Joint Committee on the Government of India Bill to discuss the alternative proposals for reforms. The names of the Committee would be published as soon as possible after the second reading was carried.

INDIAN CURRENCY COMMISSION.

Sir Richard Cooper suggested that no fewer than two members of Parliament should be added to the Indian Currency Commission in order to represent the British Home manufacturers and exporters.

Mr. Montagu replied that he had carefully considered the composition of the Commission in communication with the Government of India and he was satisfied that it was well adapted to the requirements of its reference and did not admit of any enlargement.

AMENDMENTS POSSIBLE AFTER SECOND READING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 4.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., June 10.

In the House of Commons replying to Col. Yate Mr. Bonar Law stated that the Government intended that it should be within the competence of the Joint Committee after the second reading of the Government of India Bill to introduce an amendment giving effect to an alternative to diarchy proposed by the majority of the provincial governments and the Bill had been drafted with this in view.

Col. Yate asked:—Then, no objection can be taken to any amendment on the ground that it will prejudice the principle of the Bill?

Mr. Bonar Law replied:—I cannot answer that. The question of order must be for the speaker or the Chairman, but the Bill was drafted with a view to making such amendments in order.

PASSAGES FOR INDIAN DEPUTATIONS.

"ARE NON-BRAHMINS PROPERLY SUPPORTED?"

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., June 10.

Col. Yate asked: Is the Government of India granting Indian supporters of the Reforms Bill and Representatives of the non-Brahman majority of the Indian people equal facilities to come to England to give evidence before the Joint Committee?

Mr. Montagu replied that he had no doubt that the pledge of the Government of India to give all possible facilities to properly accredited representatives of all shades of opinion in limited numbers to visit England for the purpose mentioned was being and would be faithfully observed.

LALA LAJPATRAI IN AMERICA

ALLEGED MISREPRESENTATION OF BRITISH RULE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., June 10.

Col. Yate drew attention to attempts by Lala Lajpatrai to stir up anti-British sentiment in America.

Mr. Montagu replied that he was aware of and regretted these efforts to misrepresent to the American public the character of British rule in India. The result of those efforts might be easily overestimated, but steps had been taken to counteract them.

FEDERIAL DEVOLUTION IN UNITED KINGDOM.

PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

The House of Commons to-day by 187 votes to 34 passed a motion urging Government to appoint a parliamentary body to consider and report on the measure for federal devolution creating subordinate legislatures within the United Kingdom.

GERMAN COUNTER-PROPOSALS

NO CHANGES IN ALLIES' CONDITIONS.

GERMANY OUT OF REPARATIONS COMMITTEE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., June 10.

PARIS.—The Council of Four to-day continued the discussion on the German counter-proposals. It seems probable that any changes will only involve the procedure for carrying out the terms without in the slightest degree affecting the Allies' essential conditions.

It is apparently certain that Germany will not be represented on the Reparation Committee and that she will not be permitted to restore the devastated regions herself.

AUSTRIAN PEACE TERMS.

"IMPOSSIBLE AND UNACCEPTABLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., June 10.

VIENNA, June 3rd.—Whilst the newspapers unanimously declare that the Austrian peace terms are impossible and unacceptable, it is not suggested that the treaty should not be signed. It is hoped that the Austrian Delegates will be able to obtain better terms.

REVISION OF TREATY OF 1839.

BELGIAN-DUTCH COMPROMISE ADOPTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., June 10.

PARIS.—"Le Journal" states that the Allies have adopted a compromise between Belgian and Dutch standpoints with regard to the revision of the Treaty of 1839 which takes into consideration the Dutch desire to preserve the integrity of their territory.

TREATY OF 1839.

PROCEDURE FOR REVISION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 6
Recd. 11-45 p.m., June 10.

PARIS.—The Council of Five Foreign Ministers has decided the procedure for the revision of the Treaty of 1839. It is proposed to establish a Committee comprising the representatives of the five Great Powers, Belgium and the Netherlands. It is believed that the Council has pronounced in favour of a formula under which there will be no territorial concessions by Holland who is willing to grant Belgium the rights she has demanded on the waterways.

FUTURE OF OTTOMAN EMPIRE

TURKISH PLENIPOTENTIARIES TO JOIN NEGOTIATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., June 10.

Newspapers state that the Council of Four has decided to summon Turkish plenipotentiaries to participate in the negotiations in regard to the future of the Ottoman Empire.

SUEZ STRIKE CONTINUES.

FURTHER TROUBLE ANTICIPATED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., June 10.

Reuter learns authoritatively that the strike of the Suez Canal workers continues. The outlook is again unfavourable and further trouble is anticipated.

COTTON OPERATIVES' DEMANDS.

HALF A MILLION MEN AFFECTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

MANCHESTER.—The Conference between the cotton employers and operatives lasted several hours. No agreement was reached and no arrangement made for renewing negotiations. The operatives will tender notices on June 21st. Half a million operatives are affected.

SILVER MARKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

Messrs. Montagu's silver report says:—Mainly owing to the scantiness of supplies prices have risen during the week, although trade enquiry has been less active. Shanghai exchange is 5/3 a tael.

RHENISH REPUBLIC.

GERMAN NOTE TO MARSHAL FOCH.

RINGLEADERS TO BE PROSECUTED FOR HIGH TREASON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

BERLIN.—Erzberger has handed Marshal Foch a second note arguing that the Entente's toleration of treasonable machinations in Rhenish territory violates Article Five of the armistice, furthermore expecting the Entente to facilitate the prosecution of the principal traitors for high treason which has been inaugurated by the Supreme Attorney at Leipzig and to permit arrests and removal for trial.

DR. DORTEN'S PROCLAMATION.

GENERAL ELECTION SUMMONED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

BRUSSELS.—The new Rhenish Republic has been well received in the occupied zone. Belgian politicians favour such a republic, but declare that it must be created by the Germans, not assisted by the occupation authorities.

Dorten, the new President, has proclaimed a general election on the basis of universal suffrage of men and women over twenty years of age. The occupation authorities are not participating in the conflict.

"DICTATOR OF MUNICH" ARRESTED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

COPENHAGEN.—A telegram from Berlin states that workers in Aix-la-Chapelle have demonstrated against the proclamation of the Rhenish Republic.

A message from Munich states that Ernst Tollen, "Dictator of Munich," during the Soviet regime has been arrested on a charge of High treason.

PARIS STRIKE.

UNDERGROUND EMPLOYEES' DEMANDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

PARIS.—The underground employees demand a minimum wage of 450 francs a month, a pension at fifty years of age and the right to a certain pension after fifteen years' service.

PARIS.—The underground dispute is partly settled, but strikers have decided to resume only when the tramways and motor bus employees receive satisfaction.

G. P. STORES EMPLOYEES TO RESUME WORK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., June 10.

PARIS—Employees of the Great Printemps Stores have decided to resume after a conference between the strike committee and the directors, their demands being partially satisfied.

BOLSHEVISTS EVACUATE ALEXANDROVSK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., June 10.

Owing to our bombardment and aerial bombardment the Bolsheviste have evacuated Alexandrovsk.

ESTHONIANS MARCH ON KREUTZBURG.

1,900 PRISONERS AND MACHINEGUNS TAKEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., June 10.

COPENHAGEN.—An Esthonian communique says:—"The Esthonian troops in Eastern Lettland continued their victorious forced marches against Kreutzburg on the Dvina and captured 1,900 prisoners, a heavy battery and a number of machine-guns on June 1st and 2nd. The reports continually appearing in the press about the capture of Petrograd are very premature. Vigorous counter-attacks by the Bolshevists west and north-west of Gatchina continue and their repulse by the northern corps has not yet achieved a decisive result. Nothing is known in Esthonian headquarters of the Finnish advance on Petrograd from the north. Similarly west of Luga on the Petrograd-Pskoff Railway the northern corps is solely engaged in repelling attacks."

DISTRIBUTION OF GRAND FLEET.

BOUNDARIES OF NAVAL STATIONS REVISED.

OCEANS DIVIDED INTO NINE STATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 8-45 p.m., June 10.

The Admiralty has issued instructions revising boundaries of the naval stations from June 1st except, provisionally, the new Australian station, the limits of which have not yet been finally settled as regards the dividing line between it and the China station on the one hand and between it and the New Zealand station on the other. A great change has been effected in the distribution of the fleet as compared with the situation during the German menace when it was customary to have a battle fleet in the Far East.

It may be assumed, says the "Times" naval correspondent, that such a policy will shortly commend itself again. While to some extent the stations on which the squadrons will be distributed remain as before the war, the rise of the Dominion navies introduces a new feature which is bound to extend its influence in time. Neither Canada nor South Africa yet possesses a sea-going fleet, but the limits of the stations of the British forces in their waters would probably be unchanged if they provided themselves with navies. Apparently the scheme of the division has been framed in order to allow for future development of the Dominion fleets. The North America and West Indies station now embraces waters of both the Atlantic and the Pacific seaboards, the Panama Canal forming a connecting link. Similarly the South America station extends into both the oceans including on the Pacific side waters of Chile and Pehu. The vast expanse of the Pacfic Ocean is thus divided among no fewer than five stations.

Further developments are fairly certain and it would not be difficult to revive a Pacific squadron possibly with headquarters at Heibertshoehe (New Britain). The Home station is naturally the most important of the nine into which the oceans are divided and the force commissioned there comprises both the Atlantic and Home fleets and of course reserve squadrons and flotillas. Although one of the smallest stations it reaches northward into the Arctic Sea, southward to a little above Cape Verde Islands, westward nearly to the longitude of Cape Farewell (Greenland) and naturally includes the North Sea and the Baltic. The next most important station is the Mediterranean, the only other station at present on which the force includes a battle squadron. The headquarters of the station is at Malta and it extends from the Straits of Gibraltar to the Straits of Babelmandeb comprising therefore the whole of the Mediterranean and the Red Sea. The force also supplies representation of the British Navy in the Black Sea and the Sea of Azov.

NAVAL ENGAGEMENTS IN THE BATLIC.

BRITISH WARSHIPS ROUT BOLSHEVIKS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

STOCKHOLM.—A message from Helsingfors states that there have been two engagements between the Bolshevist and British warships, first off Bjoerkoe on the afternoon of June 1st, when two British ships routed four Bolshevists and captured a transport, and the second in the Gulf of Finland at five o'clock on the afternoon of June 2nd between six Bolshevist ships and an unstated number of British ships, which resulted in the Bolshevists fleeing after an hour's violent cannonading.

BRITISH CAVALRY CHARGE AT DAKKA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., June 10.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Brown, Mr. Montagu, stated that no official account had yet been received of the charge by the British cavalry at Dakka, a report of which from Peshawar was published in London on the 31st May. No details were known beyond what had appeared in the newspapers.

ADMISSION OF ENEMY SUBJECTS TO INDIA.

"TAKE STEPS FOR PREVENTION!"

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 11-45 p.m. June, 10.

The annual meeting of the British Imperial Council of Commerce carried a resolution moved by Mr. A. D. Jackson of Madras urging that the Government of India in conjunction with the Imperial Government should take steps to prevent the admission of enemy subjects to India and to secure the expulsion of those already there and declaring that no change in nationality during the war of after peace should be recognised for a long period of years.

Mr. R. F. Hardie on behalf of the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce opined that no enemy subject naturalised in any neutral country should be allowed to trade throughout the Empire as principal or employee or to own or lease property. He pointed out that the Austrians and Germans had been deported from Ceylon, but a very insidious form of trade was being carried on by the Austrians and Germans in the guise of neutrals. The residents of Ceylon felt that peaceful penetration was proceeding on a more acute form than ever.

The meeting agreed that the matter should be placed on the Council's records.

SIR SANKARAN NAIR.

AN INTREPID SPOKESMAN FOR INDIA.

(FROM "THE INDEPENDENT".)

Sir Sankaran Nair's Minute of Dissent to the fourth despatch of the Government of India regarding recommendations of the Committee on Division of Functions will take its place by the side of the well-known Minute by the Hon. Mr. Justice Abdur Rahim included in the Report of the Public Services Commission. The recent upheaval in the country has unsettled the minds of even the most sober portion of the public and there have been heard some whisperings about the attitude of the Indian Member for Education—The erstwhile President of the Indian National Congress and the Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras—the same bench which is adorned by Mr. Justice Abdur Rahim. How utterly unfounded was the suspicion, will be evident from the 19 pages which Sir Sankaran has written to dissociate himself from the rest of his colleagues of the Government of India concerning the future development of Indian polity. One might even amuse oneself with the thought of what the fate of such a publication would have been, had it not been published under the imprimatur of the Government of India!

I. C. S Must Not Nullify.

Listen to what Sir Sankaran has to say on the proposal to allow the provincial Governor to resume the portfolio of any transferred subject and to empower the Secretary of State on the motion of the Local Government and the Government of India to retransfer any subject from the transferred to the reserved list.

"The Governor in some provinces is likely to be a civilian for some time to come. In others he will be greatly under civilian influence. In these circumstances the provision of re-transfer is, and will be received as a warning to the Legislative Council not to indulge in a course of action which will lead the Civil Service to take that step. In fact, my Colleagues [not the big C.I] practically say so in clear terms. The Civil Service have also openly declared their hostility to any real reforms. It is absurd in these circumstances to place the future of Indian constitutional reform in their hands. *The reforms are a gift of Parliament, not of the Civil Service..... They (The Civil Service) should not be allowed in future, as they have done in the past, to nullify the policy of the people of England.* The scheme put forward by my colleagues is calculated to produce that result."

The civilian is verily the *bete noir* of Indian politics. But where do the poor Indians in the Civil Service come in?

A Home Truth.

We shall pass over Sir Sankaran's cogent arguments against the creation of two separate pools by receipts from transferred and reserved subjects, as proposed by his colleagues. Here is a home-truth: "India is the only country in the world where neither law, nor custom nor competition determines the revenue or rent. This has been responsible to a great extent for the increasing poverty of the country. It has certainly tended to keep away labour and capital from land."

Here is a clean thrust at the self-constituted guardians of the people and the benevolent English capitalist—all eager to increase the welfare of the Indian peasant: "The English officials in India and the India Office have not in the past protected India. They have submitted to English capitalists and I have no doubt will do so in future." I seem to hear the echo of general acclamation, but then, who had the courage of such uncompromising frankness? "But I assert," he contigues without hesitation from experience that so far as the Government are concerned, the fear that they will unduly favour foreign enterprises to the prejudice of Indian enterprises is well-founded. It is true enough that the Industrial Commission makes recommendations themselves unsatisfactory, which in some respects may assist the Indians, but here again *we know from experience how little we can rely on such recommendations when they have to be carried out in practice.*" Ah! it is the tragedy of glorious promised and inglorious achievements. The solemn words of the Charter Act of 1833 of the East India Company memories seem still to ring in utter emptiness.

Bureaucracy's Opposition to Education.

But let us hear the views of Sir Sankaran on education. "Further, political progress is said to be dependent upon the expansion of sound education, and such expansion should not be left in the hands of *classes which have hitherto opposed political and sound educational progress.* Indians are deeply interested in it....*Those who would keep education a reserved subject, do so, I fear, not in the interests of educational progress but for political reasons.*.....A retrogressive policy has been followed since Lord Dufferin's time.....Efforts were then made by the Government to confine higher education and secondary education leading to higher education to boys in affluent circumstances. This again was done not in the interests of sound education but for political reasons."

"Actuated by Highest Motives."

"Now there is no doubt that in all this the Government are actuated by the highest motives. (Sir Sankaran cannot have meant to be humorous!) but at the same time there is no use ignoring the fact that the Indians were satisfied that all these changes were made with a sinister purpose. It is the universal belief and there is *little doubt that facts unfortunately tend to support it, that Primary English Education for the masses and higher education for the middle classes are discouraged for political reasons. Higher, professional, industrial and technical education is discouraged to favour English industries and recruitment in England of English Officials.*" With such views and sturdy independence Sir Sankaran's tenure of office could not have been exactly a bed of roses! But a Government which were capable of choosing such a man as Sir Sankaran Nair, than, whom they could not have found an abler and more outspoken representative of Indian aspirations, can only be complimented, and convicted of lack of imagination or statesmanship at the worst.

Question of Non-Brahmans

Sir Sankaran hails from Madras and has the irrepressible enthusiasm for primary English education, which a few outside his Province would understand or share. But let that pass. Sir Sankaran has some plain words to say on the question of the non-Brahmans. But that is also exclusively made in the realm of Madras and we shall refrain from attempting to transport that unique article from its wonted habitat.

MR. KITCHIN'S DURBAR

WHAT SIR M. O'DWYER MIGHT HAVE HELD.

LT.-GOVERNOR VISITS AMRITSAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, June 10.

Mr. Kitchin, Commissioner, Lahore Division, held a durbar at the Town Hall today and distributed sanads, khilats, jagirs and robes of honour to raises, honorary magistrates, zaildars, safedposhes of Lahore, Gujranwala and Sialkot Districts in recognition of their services in connection with war loan, Red Cross funds, recruiting of the Indian army and publicity work.

After the distribution of the rewards, Mr. Kitchin, in the course of a speech in Urdu, said that the durbar which he was holding, was to have been held by the retired Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, but was postponed owing to the disturbances. In this durbar his Honour desired to distribute the rewards himself.

Referring to the disturbances, Mr. Kitchin said the Punjab raises and the martial races did not take any part in any anti-Government campaigns and had shown deep and steadfast loyalty. Concluding Mr. Kitchin announced that his Honour Sir Edward Maclagan had paid a visit to Amritsar yesterday morning and that the martial law had been withdrawn from that place. It was also announced that martial law would be withdrawn from Lahore from Wednesday. The announcement was received with cheers. Mr. Kitchin said that he hoped that the war with Afghanistan would soon come to an end and peace would once more reign in the Punjab.

ALI BROTHERS.

LODGED IN BETUL JAIL

MESSAGE TO THEIR MOTHER.

(FROM ABADIBANO BEGUM.)

CHHINDWARA, June 9.

A telegram from my sons received yesterday evening states, that they have been lodged safely in Betul jail under Regulation 3 of 1818 and that they are happy and, thank God, asking us all not to be anxious. The members of the family here are all bearing it bravely and are awaiting patiently the completion of the minute search of the house going on since yesterday morning. Their only regret is that they were not allowed to bid even a parting farewell and that, the whole proceeding was conducted with unnecessary suspicious, thus causing vexatious harassments.

FOUR RUSSIAN TARTARS ESCAPE.

FROM BELLARY INTERNMENT CAMP.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 10.

The Calcutta police have received an information from Bellary, of the escape, on the 2nd instant, from an internment camp there, of four Russian Tartar prisoners of war. It is believed that they will endeavour to make their way to Calcutta and try and effect their escape through Afghanistan.

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE" SECURITY.

MAXIMUM AMOUNT DEMANDED.

PUNISHMENT WITH "A TRIPLE-BARRELLED GUN."

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, the matter again came up, in which Mr. Syed Abdullah Brelvi made a declaration as keeper of the "Bombay Chronicle" Press and also as printer and publisher of the "Bombay Chronicle" newspaper. Mr. M. K. Azad, Bar.-at-Law, appeared for Mr. Brelvi, while Mr. J. C. G. Bowen, Government Solicitor, appeared for Government.

Mr. Azad, addressing the Court, said he would point out a few circumstances which would enable his Worship to refrain from passing an order for the maximum amount of deposit. The Public Prosecutor was representing Government, and he (Mr. Azad) did not know if Government would press for the maximum amount of deposit. His Worship had made a provisional order for a deposit of Rs. 5,000 as security pending enquiries. Continuing, Mr. Azad said the order of pre-censorship still stood and he did not know when it was going to be removed.

Mr. Bowen said he would try to get an order for the maximum amount of deposit.

A TRIPLE-BARRELLED GUN.

Mr. Azad said the "Bombay Chronicle" was one of the most popular papers on this side of the country, had a very large circulation and enjoyed a great deal of confidence and respect of the public. On the 26th and 28th of April last a triple-barrelled weapon was discharged on the "Bombay Chronicle." Firstly, the able and popular editor of the paper was deported; secondly, a pre-censorship was established; and thirdly, the security deposited by the "Chronicle" previously was forfeited by a Government Order. Now he wanted to say that whatever the nature of the contents of the article on which these orders were passed, it would have been quite sufficient if any one instead of all the three orders had been passed. In his opinion the first order was a very extreme measure to have been adopted and either of the second or third orders would have been quite sufficient. Since this triple order had been used and as the pre-censorship still remained, he would submit that the security should not be enhanced. Immediately after the order of pre-censorship was received, the Board of Directors resolved that the paper should not be published. This was the recommendation that they made to the shareholders of the Indian Newspaper Company and at a meeting of the shareholders held some days after they resolved, purely from the business point of view, that the paper should be restarted and they further resolved to make efforts for getting a reversal of the order of pre-censorship. The paper did not appear for more than a month. It re-appeared on the 31st May, and the resolution passed by the Board of Directors was published saying that the "Bombay Chronicle" and its Sunday Edition should be published without Editorial or other expression of views, and that the publication should be restricted to the publication of news only. Thus the paper appeared in a very emasculated condition, and there appeared unadulterated space in it. Even letters of correspondents were not published, and thus another recognised channel of bringing the grievances before the public and Government was smothered.

NO GROUND SHOWN FOR ENHANCEMENT.

He submitted that in the case of an Executive order the Court's discretion was not restricted by any Government desire as regards the amount of deposit. If Government desired that the maximum amount should be deposited, it would be a bad measure for two excellent reasons. The first was that as long as pre-censorship remained, nothing objectionable could appear, unless Government said the Censor had erred. Secondly, there was the provisional order passed by his Worship for a deposit of Rs. 5,000, and the idea that it was liable to be forfeited would be constantly before the conductors of the paper. An order for a maximum amount of deposit would have serious consequences for the paper, for it might involve not merely the forfeiture of Rs.10,000 of the shareholders' money but even the confiscation of the Press which was worth about three lakhs of rupees.

Counsel read out from the Memorandum of the Association of the Indian Newspaper Company, in which one of the objects for which the Company was established, was stated to be "the publication of a newspaper in the English language for the purposes of advocating, defending, maintaining, promoting and championing the rights, aspirations and interests of the Indians and the ventilation and disousion of all grievances, questions, matters and things, bearing on and conducive to the promotion of such rights and aspirations and essential interests, welfare, and general benefits of the country and its connection with Great Britain." Counsel said, it would thus be seen that the "Chronicle" could not publish anything not in consonance with these objects. Even if the pre-censorship were removed, Government would have the power to forfeit the security. The triple order he had referred to had resulted in a complete emasculation of the paper, and there was no likelihood of anything appearing in it which might give offence to Government.

MR. MONTAGU'S ALLEGATION.

Continuing, Counsel said he would refer to the grossly unjust charge which the Secretary of State for India had, in his Budget speech in the Commons made against the Editor of the paper, presumably on information supplied to him from this country. It came as a great surprise to the Board of Directors, and on reading the report they sent for the Manager and made enquiries, which satisfied them that not a single newspaper had gone out of the office to any British troops free of charge, and the resolution they passed was embodied in the cable which Mr. Jinnah as Chairman of the Board of Directors sent to Mr. Montagu. Counsel read out the cable in which the Board informed Mr. Montagu that they had ascertained that no copy of the "Chronicle" was distributed free to British troops in Bombay and as regards the statement made by the Delhi correspondent of the "Chronicle" about the use of soft-nosed bullets the Directors pointed out to Mr. Montagu that on the 17th April, the correspondent sent an express telegram to the paper regarding the Government communique, withdrawing the reference to the use of soft nosed bullets, but that the telegram was never received in the "Chronicle" office, they believed, owing to the censorship in Delhi and that it was only on April 29th, three days after the issue of the orders of deportation of Mr. Horniman, pre-censorship and forfeiture of the security of the paper, when the publication of the "Chronicle" was suspended, that the office received by post from the Delhi correspondent the copy of an express telegram sent to the "Chronicle" withdrawing the reference to soft-nosed bullets, and utterly repudiating any insinuation that it was intended to publish a libel on His Majesty's troops. In the cable, the Board regretted that the statement regarding the use of soft-nosed bullets appeared in the "Chronicle," adding that the regret would have been expressed earlier but for the delay in the correspondent's message reaching the office and the suspension of the publication of the paper.

Counsel submitted that the result of the discharge of the triple-barrelled gun he had referred to had been, firstly, that a beautiful bird—they would call it beautiful though Government might call it an ugly bird—had its wings clipped by the deportation of the Editor of the paper, who was the life and soul of the paper. Secondly, a compressible collar had been put round its neck, which might be drawn at any moment, in the shape of the order of pre-censorship, and thirdly, the bird would be put in a cage by the amount of security demanded. In conclusion, Counsel submitted that the amount of security should be allowed to remain at Rs. 5,000, as a larger sum would be a considerable hardship on the paper which possibly might not be able to bear it.

MR. BOWEN PRESSES FOR MAXIMUM SECURITY.

Mr. Bowen, addressing the Court, said that when this declaration was made his Worship had no evidence before him as to what the contents of the paper were. He wished, therefore, to refer to a few of the issues of the "Chronicle" so as to satisfy the Court as to the nature of the articles published, and he would ask for an order for the maximum amount of deposit. It was entirely in his Worship's discretion to fix the amount of deposit. The allegation about the use of soft-nosed bullets was a serious libel on British troops and the Military authorities at Delhi. Such bullets were alleged to have been used during times of serious riots at Delhi. It was a most serious libel that had been made and it was an example of the reckless statements made by this paper.

Mr. Azad said he had already pointed out that the allegation had been withdrawn, and regret expressed for it, and the reasons why it had not been possible to publish the withdrawal earlier.

Mr. Bowen said the withdrawal was made after an interval of nearly two months. If it was not possible to make a withdrawal earlier on account of the suspension of the paper, it should not have prevented the Directors from publishing it in other newspapers.

ADVOCACY OF SATYAGRAHA.

Continuing, Mr. Bowen said he would put in a few issues of the "Chronicle" to show full security should be demanded from the press. The paper in one of its issues called the Emergency Act, a Black Act, and added that the day on which it was passed was a Black Day. Now this Act could only be put into force if revolutionary methods were prevalent in any part of the country, and it was a gross misrepresentation of the Act to say that the people of this country would now enjoy their freedom only by sufferance of Government. Later on, the paper invited the people to pledge themselves to break this particular law and any other laws which the Satyagraha Committee might select thereafter. The paper continued to recommend the practice of Satyagraha and the civil disobedience of law. Part of this struggle was to consist of distribution of prohibited books and publication of a paper without registration. Now as to the last one, those who advocated that particular thing should have known that it was no breach of the law to publish a written paper without registration and that the Act only applied to the printing of newspapers. Clear recommendations to break the law appeared in the paper. It told its readers deliberately to break the Emergency Powers Act, and such laws as were subsequently selected by the Committee and said that the Press Act was a dangerous engine of oppression and that it was going to be challenged. That was the effect of the recommendation which the "Chronicle" made in a certain issue. In a subsequent issue it published a full-page advertisement giving Mr. Gandhi's advice to the public. Mr. Bowen contended the idea of this advertisement was to permeate the masses with the doctrines of Satyagraha, and they had seen the result of that permeation in the Delhi riots, in the revolutionary outbreak of the most serious consequences which occurred at Amritsar, the serious outbreak at Ahmedabad which led to murder and arson and the Bombay disturbances which were, however, not so serious as at the first-named three places. It showed the danger of permeating the masses with the idea of the breaking of laws, because they could not discriminate between the breaking of one law and another.

Again, referring to the publication of a paper without registration, Mr. Bowen said it was a deliberate misstatement to say that it was a breach of the law to publish a written paper without registration. It was no breach of the law, though there was the responsibility of the press which published a newspaper which told people to break laws. On the 31st May on its reappearance the "Chronicle" published a resolution of the Board of Directors stating that no editorial or other expression of views would be published. He would leave it to be inferred what would appear in these columns if there was no pre-censorship. He submitted that the issues which he had produced were sufficient for his application that the paper should be made to deposit security of the full amount. The declarations were in the past made by individuals different from the one who made a declaration now. But it was clear from section 3 of the Press Act that the question of the amount of security had nothing to do with the individual who made a declaration.

SCOPE OF CENSORSHIP.

The Magistrate enquired if the censorship applied to the press also.

Mr. Azad said it applied to the whole press. They could not even do job work, or publish advertisements before it went to the Censor.

Mr. Bowen said he did not know whether that was so.

Mr. Azad said the censorship applied to the whole press. It was open to Government to move the Court for an enhancement of the amount of security later on if they thought it fit.

The Magistrate said the Court could also move in the matter.

Mr. Bowen said he did not understand why a newspaper, which, according to Mr. Azad, was one of the leading newspapers of this country, should have two columns of blank space unless there was some object in it, unless there was the idea that it would contain similar articles to those that had appeared there before. Newspapers generally did not waste two columns in this fashion. Having regard to the issues of the paper which he had put in, which were of a seditious nature, he submitted this was a case in which the Court would be rightly exercising its discretion if it passed an order for a deposit of the maximum amount. The articles were published at times of popular excitement and might have led to more serious consequences. He did not know how long the pre-censorship would be continued. He asked that the paper should be asked to deposit the maximum amount of deposit.

MR. AZAD'S REPLY.

Mr. Azad said he wished to refer to one or two allegations which Mr. Bowen had made. Mr. Bowen had made the allegation that the Satyagraha pledge had directly or indirectly led to rioting. But even such English newspapers as the "Nation", the "New Statesman" and the "Daily News", which had analysed the situation, were of a different opinion, and even in Mr. Montagu's opinion there were many complex causes which had led to these outbreaks. Continuing, Mr. Azad said Government would know when the censorship was to be removed for it was in their hands to remove it, and it would be open to them then to come to the Court and ask for an enhancement of the amount of security if they thought fit. The whole of the press was under censorship, including even job work and advertisements, and these two were the chief sources of income in a newspaper office. Again, the paper had been sufficiently punished, rather overwhelmingly punished.

The Magistrate said the question was whether he would have the power to vary the order when the pre-censorship was removed.

Mr. Azad said he thought his Worship had such power.

The Magistrate said he might vary the order under section 3, but there the maximum that he could order would be a deposit of Rs. 2.000. Under section 5, he could enhance the amount, but this section did not contain the proviso which section 8 did.

Mr. Bowen said he thought unless the Court made an order now it was doubtful whether it could vary it subsequently. He did not know, but the pre-censorship was presumably a temporary measure, and he would, therefore, submit that the maximum amount of security should be ordered to be deposited.

RS. 10.000 TO BE DEPOSITED.

The Magistrate passed an order requiring Rs. 10.000 to be deposited as security.

Mr. Azad asked that they should be allowed to deposit it in the course of a week.

The Magistrate said they could do so. It should be in money or securities of the market value.

"WHAT NEXT?"

(FROM "INDIA.")

The official telegrams show that, save in a few obscure villages in the Punjab, where special causes may operate, the Indian authorities have regained control of the situation, and that order is now practically restored. Even Sir Michael O'Dwyer, after having made our flesh creep for many days, admits that this is due "to the prompt action of the troops and the loyal help of the great mass of the population." Aeroplane bombs, machine-guns, and bayonets having done their work, and loyal Indians, having done theirs, the courts martial and special tribunals are at their grim task of punishing the guilty, or those who are convicted of guilty participation in the disorders. The tale of death sentences, imprisonments, and floggings is increasing. Doubtless, as is usual where rough justice is done, the innocent will often suffer with the guilty. This is part of the price to be paid for such excesses as have occurred.

But what next? Are we to be content with conflicting newspaper reports, official scareheads and assurances, non-official suggestions of sedition, disloyalty, anti-British agitation, German conspiracy, and Bolshevik propaganda? Surely it is of the utmost importance that a thorough and searching enquiry be made into the causes and workings of the disturbances that have occurred throughout the Punjab and in parts of the Bombay Presidency. Why was martial law proclaimed in Sind, where order does not appear to have been disturbed? What was the cause of the original Delhi riots? Is the report of Swami Shradhananda—one of the most saintly and respected men in all India—to be set aside offhand in favour of that of those who had carefully refrained from meeting his allegations? We know, of course, that the officials are never wrong and the people never right. We know that whitewash, even at war prices, is as cheap in India as elsewhere. We know this, the India Office knows this, Indians know this. But does the British public? Does the House of Commons know it? Is there to be an independent commission of enquiry into these events to be appointed in which the Indian people will have confidence? And here we would enter an urgent plea that the death sentences now being imposed should not be carried into effect until such a commission has fixed the real responsibility for these outbursts of violence. Let us have proof of these allegations. And if it be true, as is stated, that hostility towards the Rowlatt Bill played but a small part in the disorders, let us at least have the truth—what was it that really did play an important part in them, and how came it about that it needed but this small spark to set a whole province ablaze, and that province ruled over by the "most successful" satrap of the present generation of Indian bureaucrats?

And what of the reforms? Their Anglo-Indian enemies will naturally make the most of the opportunity so stupidly supplied by short-sighted promoters of violence to damn them. Lord Sydenham and his fellow-reactionaries are immediately on the warpath. They have—if they ever learnt them—already forgotten the lessons of the War, in the teaching of which India nobly shared. They now see red, and they howl for revenge upon the politically-minded classes of Indians and their prophet, Mr. Montagu (Lord Chelmsford they always studiously ignore). A writer in one of their pet organs, the "World" (which shares with the "Saturday Review" the doubtful honour of representing weekly the prejudices ventilated daily by the "Morning Post" and the "Globe"), writes thus:—

The "constitutional" politicians, Extremists as well as Moderates, have united in a wide agitation against the Bills, with the result already known. . . . The men to whom Mr Montagu seeks to give more political power and a greater voice in the administration have deliberately attempted to intimidate the Government. . . . in the hope of deterring the authorities from dealing with anarchy. . . . One may conclude for the present by asking the British public whether men who thus organise violent disorder on behalf of anarchy and revolution are fit to be granted any wide measure of self-government.

This, of course, is an admirable opportunity for reactionaries to make another assault upon the hated reforms. Even had there been no disorders to give the constitutional movement a set-back, these people would still have clamoured for Mr. Montagu's head and would still have put Moderates and revolutionaries in the same sanguinary category.

But are the British public and the British Government going to be intimidated by this sort of thing? There have been riotings and shootings in Paris within the last few days. Are the Parisians to be told that they are unfit for self-government because of these disorders? Is Australia to be robbed of her autonomy because of the riotings in some of the Australian cities this week? Even Ireland was not disfranchised after the rebellion. Why should it be demanded that India alone should be denied her rights? The Government of India were warned by their friends of the tragic possibilities of trying to govern against the will of the people. They ignored the warning, in the teeth of a united opposition, passed the Rowlatt Bill, which they have not had the courage, and will not have the courage, to enforce. It will remain a dead-letter on the Statute-Book, and its sister-measure will never be enacted. The final responsibility for these unhappy disturbances, which, after all, affected only small areas, judged by Indian standards, all the rest of the country being quiet, lies with the Indian bureaucracy and not with the Indian people. Will Mr. Montagu and Mr. Lloyd George not realise this? We hear that Mr. Montagu will shortly make an authoritative pronouncement on the intentions of the Government regarding the reforms, to allay the anxiety that is agitating the minds of all well-wishers to the British connexion in India. We hope that this is true. We hope that Mr. Montagu will promptly knock on the head these stupid allegations of anti-British agitation and German and Russian propaganda, and that he will put the facts of the recent disturbances in their right proportions. And we hope that the pronouncement will be speedily made, and that it will make it clear "beyond a peradventure" that nothing will be allowed to interfere with the early introduction of a far-reaching measure of reforms that will satisfy the legitimate demands of the national leaders.

AFGHAN ARMY DEMORALISED

NEW AFGHAN COMMANDER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.)
SIMLA, June 10.

The Associated Press special correspondent writes through Peshawar on 8th June:—

The Viceroy's letter reached Jalalabad on Thursday and was there taken over by hands sufficiently responsible to ensure its safe arrival at Kabul. Meanwhile reports from Jalalabad speak of the increasing demoralisation of the Afghan army. Dost Mohammad who succeeded Saleh Mohamad in the Chief Command of the Afghan army, has himself followed Saleh Mohamad to Kabul, and the command is now said to be vested in one Nabbi Baksh who calls himself a Brigadier. The want of discipline amongst the troops and the growing lawlessness in districts must sooner or later, react upon Kabul, and one must be prepared for dramatic events in that city. Although nothing but our own military traffic is coming down the Khyber Pass, the Mallagori route, further east, is still open and the Shinwaris undertake to escort traders and others from Afghanistan through it to Peshawar. These travellers say it is impossible to discover what is now going on in the palace at Kabul. People are afraid to discuss events, but it is agreed that all power now rests in the hands of the soldiers.

AFGHAN CAMPAIGN.

ROUNDING UP A VILLAGE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, June 9.

A Press communiqué dated 9th June:—

Except for occasional sniping there is nothing to report from the Dakka front. Rajaur, Swat, Mohmand country and Tirah are also quiet. The village of Badhber, six miles south of Peshawar, which was suspected of harbouring bad characters, was surrounded by cavalry early on the morning of the 7th instant. Several arrests were made and a quantity of weapons of different descriptions captured.

Reports from Paiwar show that Afghan troops are still active on that portion of the border. Nadir Khan is said to have reached Matun on the 5th instant, while Afghan troops which were with him are also arriving there. The general opinion amongst the tribesmen whom he incited to rise is that they have been betrayed by the Afghans.

Lashkars at Derajat are reported to be dispersing. The whole of this area is not yet quiet, however, and the Mullazai post, about fifteen miles north of Tank, was attacked on the 6th instant by Bhittannis, who have joined up with the Mahsuds. In Zhob there is an improvement, but gangs of tribesmen are still about and some localities remain unsettled. There is no change on the Chaman border or in Seistan.

CONGESTION OF CABLES.

PRIORITY FOR GOVT. MESSAGES SUSPENDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, June 5.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., June 10.

In the House of Commons, at question-time, Mr. Illingworth stated that owing to the congestion of the Eastern Company's cables, arrangements had recently been made to suspend the priority of transmission for Government telegrams except in the case of really urgent ones. Consequently, Government telegrams were now being dealt with in the same way as commercial telegrams and special steps were being taken to reduce their number and length.

Mr. Illingworth admitted that many messages to Australia were taking ten to twelve days (Laughter). Cables to Gibralter had been restored, but faults on two prevented their full use. The American Pacific cable was still interrupted, but it was hoped that it would be repaired in a few days, thus somewhat relieving congestion to the Far East.

Mr. Sanders stated that Government was giving attention to the question of permitting business cablegrams to be sent in private codes.

MR. KALINATH ROY'S SENTENCE.

MR. ANDREW'S APPEAL.

The "Independent" publishes the following letter from Mr. C. F. Andrews:—

Sir,—I have received at last a copy of the full judgment given by the President of the Special Tribunal at Lahore, in Mr. Kalinath Roy's trial. I have also read through the series of articles in the "Tribune" to which the charge formulated against him referred, and on which the judgment and sentence of two years' rigorous imprisonment, with a fine of Rs. 1,000 was passed. I wish to say, with all the strength of my conviction, as an Englishman, that the verdict is contrary to all the ideas, which I have cherished from my youth upwards, of British freedom and justice. The unfairness of such a verdict seems to me only equal to the unfairness of refusing to allow the prisoner under trial to employ the counsel of his own choice.

As there is no superior court in India to which an appeal may be made, the serious expense must be incurred of an appeal to the Privy Council. Mr. Kalinath Roy is in extremely weak health and only with the greatest difficulty was he able to get through the heat of last summer. In addition he has recently suffered the saddest bereavement that can happen to a man in the loss of his wife. As one of his friends and admirers, of many years' standing, I would now very earnestly appeal that funds may not be wanting to carry forward his appeal to the Privy Council.

"SABIUDDIN'S LAW."

TENANTS EXEMPTED FROM RENT.

ALLEGED SENSATIONAL CONSPIRACY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, June 10.

The Additional Magistrate of Backergunj is engaged in hearing a sensational case in which Sabiuddin Munshi of the village Chatgi Mahal and eleven others stand charged with cheating and conspiracy to cheat. The Public Prosecutor in opening the case said Sabiuddin Munshi circulated several printed leaflets headed (1) Government of India, (2) Permission, 3) Jimmanama, and (4) Dakhalas which purported to say that the house of Lords, the Government of India, the District Magistrate of Backergunj and the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Feruzepur were satisfied, after making due enquiry, as to the poverty of the tenants of Bengal and that Sabiuddin Munshi had got authority to start a training company at Chatgi Mahal. It was announced that anyone who would pay Re. one and pies three to the training company would be exempted from payment of any rent to landlords and a further payment of an equal amount would exonerate the payee from payments of all debts due by him. Payees were asked to hoist red flags in their houses and to tie red threads round their wrists and shave their foreheads. It was further announced that if any man of the landlord or any civil court peon or any police office officer were to go to their houses with any process of attachment of their moveables they would desist from executing processes on seeing the flag which they described as "Ragnishan," the symbol of royalty and by doing these things would become "Kashjima" of the Raja. One of the leaflets also purported to say that the rent law was repealed and Sabiuddin's law was in force.

The accused carried on their propaganda in several villages. Several people of the villages were cheated and the accused collected a large amount from them. All landlords were affected and their collection was seriously hampered. In February last Sabiuddin Munshi announced he would hold a monster meeting at his house at which the Governor, the District Magistrate, and the Sub-Divisional Magistrate would be present. On an application made by the local police the Magistrate stopped the meeting. The District Police Superintendent held an enquiry which resulted in the prosecution of the accused. A number of witnesses have been examined and interesting documents found in possession of the accused were exhibited. The trial is proceeding.

LALA SHANKAR LAL'S CASE

FURTHER EVIDENCE RECORDED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, June 10

The case against Lala Shankar Lal and others in connection with the assault on C. I. D. officers was again taken up today by Mr. Currie, Additional District Magistrate. Two more accused surrendered themselves before the Court, and on the application of the counsel defending them, their trial was proceeded with, along with the other accused.

Serajuddin, the first witness, examined to-day, identified the accused, Bhawal Kishore, as the person who hit Inspector Fakir Mahomed on the head.

Rev. Joel of the Baptist Mission said he lived very near Edward Park. On the afternoon in question, he had gone to the Park. When he reached there he saw something being burnt near the Memorial steps. On turning round, he saw about a hundred men assaulting Inspector Fakir Mahomed, outside one of the gates of the Park. He also heard the cries of people: "Lop off his revolver." When the Inspector was being assaulted he intervened and implored the crowd not to do so. When the Inspector was picked up, his face was literally covered with blood. He was half unconscious and could not speak, and with folded hands was beseeching the people on all sides to let him free. When witness heard the cries raised against him, he left the Park.

Dr. Johnson, Assistant Civil Surgeon, proved there were 19 injuries on the person of Inspector Fakir Mahomed and nine injuries on Constable Imdad. Most of the injuries, in his opinion, could have been caused by a blunt weapon, such as a lathi.

Cross-examined by Mr. Asaf Ali, witness said none of the injuries on Fakir Mahomed were serious. A few more witnesses were examined and further hearing was adjourned till to-morrow.

DEATH OF MR. AZIZUDDIN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
OOTACAMUND, June 10.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council announces with deep regret the death this morning at Madras of a distinguished public servant, the Hon. Khan Bahadur Muhammad Azizuddin Husain Sahib, C.I.F., O.B.E., I.S.O., acting First Member of the Board of Revenue.

MADRAS, June 10

The Hon. Khan Bahadur Muhammad Azizuddin Husain Sahib Bahadur died of Carbuncle this morning.

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Lloyd visited the Yeravda Jail yesterday afternoon.

The Hon. Sir George Barnes, Member for Commerce and Industry, arrived in Simla on June 9 on completion of his leave to South Africa.

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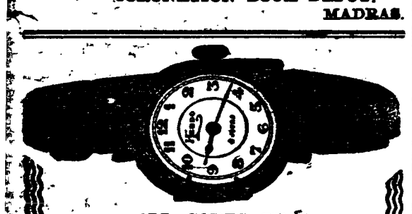

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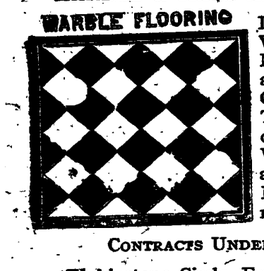

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INDIA'S SEABORNE TRADE.

DETAILED STATISTICS TO BE PUBLISHED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 9.

The Director of Statistics has addressed a circular letter to the different Chambers of Commerce regarding the seaborne trade returns. The letter says that in view of the importance of detailed statistics of imports and exports to the mercantile community as well as to Government, it has been decided to make considerable additions to the monthly and annual seaborne trade accounts. The number of articles specified in the returns will now be one thousand four hundred and fifty, an increase of 21 per cent., as compared with the pre-war year 1913-14.

A HOSTEL FOR OFFICERS' CHILDREN.

A MADRAS DEPUTATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 9.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon arrived here this morning by a special train from Ootacamund. At 10-30 a.m. his Excellency received a deputation from the Indian Officers' Association headed by the Hon. Mr. Kumaraswami Sastri. The object of the deputation was to submit the need of a hostel for the exclusive benefit for the children of the members of the association. The Association had already raised Rs. 41,000, but this amount was inadequate to give effect to the hostel scheme and a Government grant was prayed for. H. E. the Governor gave a most sympathetic hearing to the representation, promising all possible support.

REFORMS AND WOMAN FRANCHISE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 9.

A public meeting of the women of Madras was held last evening to protest against the proposal of the Southborough Committee to disqualify women in India from the right of voting under the Reform Bill.

PANDIT MALAVIYA'S RE-ELECTION.

The "Independent":—We publish elsewhere a letter from a correspondent on the re-election of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya which we have no doubt, represents a large body of public opinion not only in this province but throughout the country. There is considerable force in what our correspondent says, and while we ourselves sympathise with his point of view, we may point out that Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya himself as well as his supporters, were fully alive to the considerations which our correspondent urges, as is shown by the communication that passed between them which we published. We should for our part have preferred to see the Pandit serve the country from without rather than within the Council, and we agree, too, with our correspondent that there is no tangible basis of useful co-operation between an elected member and Government in the present constitution of the Imperial Council. At the same time the needs of the recent Punjab tragedy must not be overlooked. It is a matter of the first importance that a man of Pandit Malaviya's calibre should be present in the Council to press for necessary action in that behalf, and generally to watch over and safeguard the people's interests,—the more so as the strength of the independent Indian element in the Council has practically disappeared as a result of the recent resignations and the deputations that have gone to England. So far as we can foresee, extremely onerous and responsible duties will devolve upon Pandit Malaviya when the Council meets next in September, but it is a matter of genuine satisfaction to the country that so able and trusted a leader as the Pandit will be present in the Council, during a session in which strenuous work has got to be done on behalf of the people.

BAR EXAMINATION RESULTS.

INDIAN SUCCESSES.

The following Indian gentlemen passed the examinations of students of the Inns of Court held at Easter by the Council of Legal Education:—

Roman Law.—Class 3: Mohammad Habib, Ataril Haq, Mubashir Mosain Ridwai, Manindranath Ray, Gurmukh Singh.

Constitutional Law and Legal History.—Class 1: Sarat Chandra Banerjee. Class 3: Maung Ba Thin, Syed Jafar Imam, Walter Clarence Arthur Luckhoo, Abdul Qayam Malik, Nai Sanan. Akhilnath sanyal, Gurmukh Singh.

Criminal Law and Procedure. Class 2: Perungavur Krishnama Chari, Akhilnath Sanyal. Class 3: Mohamad Zain Ariffin, Girindranath Basu, Ataril Haq, Sayed Alam Khan, Kubashir Hosain Kidwai, Nusserwanji Roostumji Mehta, Kiran Chandra Mukhopadhyaya, Gurmugh Singh.

Real Property and Conveyancing.—Class 2: Maung Ba Thin, Mohammed Habib, Sara Jothikastira, Mir Sayed Alam Khan. Adi Jamsedji Poonawala.

Hindus and Mahomedan Law.—Class 2: Nusserwanji Roostumji Mehta, Gurmukh Singh. Class 3: Abdul Quayam Malik, Chinnasawmypilay Lyanar Pillai, Amal Chandra Sarkar.

Final.—Class 3: Mohammad Anwoval Azim, Vismanath Ganesh Dani, Natali Philip Fernando Jayatilaka, Vithal Dhondo Kale, Lakshmi Shanker Misra, Mahammad Nooruddin, Adi Jamshedji Poonawala, Homi Jehangir Rustomji, Nai Perm Sakdi, Vithal Kashinathrao Thakar, Leopold Rowel Wijeyesekera.—"India."

ACTION AGAINST "BOMBAY CHRONICLE."

"New India" writes:—Ous readers will remember that in his recent Budget speech Mr. Montagu made two definite accusations against our contemporary. One was that the paper had stated, on the authority of its Delhi correspondent, that soft-nosed bullets had been used by the troops in the course of the Delhi riots. The second accusation was to the effect that copies of the paper containing the allegation had been supplied free to the troops in Bombay to excite them to insubordination. We have already expressed our disbelief as to the probability of the truth of the second accusation, and we are glad to see that the Board of Directors of the "Chronicle" have issued so prompt and emphatic a denial. As regards the reference to the use of Veloplex bullets, Mr. Jinnah states that a reference to their use appread in the issue of April 4th, that on the 16th the Government of India issued a *communique* denying the accusation, that on the 17th the Delhi correspondent of the "Chronicle" telegraphed withdrawing his statement, and that this telegram, for some inscrutable reason, was held back—presumably by the censor. Otherwise it would, of course, have appeared in the issue of the 18th. 26th, Mr. Horniman was deported, while on the 29th, twelve days after the despatch of the Delhi correspondent's telegram of withdrawal, a copy of the telegram was delivered by post at the "Chronicle's" offices, the paper having already suspended publication. We must honestly state that if these statements are true, and there can be little doubt that they are, there is cause for very serious complaint against the authorities concerned. No doubt Mr. Horniman—he may possibly have been too unwell to attend office—ought to have noticed in a prominent place the Government's communique of denial, and should have stated that the "Chronicle" was taking steps to go carefully into the whole matter. But we want to know why the Delhi correspondent's telegram of the 17th was prevented from appearing promptly in the columns of our contemporary, when its appearance was vital to the "Chronicle's" fair name; and we also want to know whether Mr. Montagu is prepared to state publicly the evidence on which he ventured to utter so extraordinarily damaging a statement as that with regard to the free distribution of copies of the paper with the express purpose of inciting insubordination among the troops. Failing a convincing explanation, the public will unhesitatingly feel that a most grievous wrong has been done both to Mr. Horniman and to the Directors of the "Chronicle," and any who may have considered that Mr. Horniman ought never to have published his Delhi correspondent's accusation will stand aghast on reading that the telegram of denial was prevented from being published until its publication was useless. The only course for those concerned to take now it to allow Mr. Horniman return to India. Whatever he may have done, the stoppage of the telegram of the 17th and the rebuttal of the free distribution accusation, if true, leave the Government no honourable alternative.

MR. MONTAGU, MR. HORNIMAN AND "CHRONICLE."

The "Bengalee":—We do not think Mr. Montagu was well-advised in bringing in his budget-speech so serious a charge against the "Bombay Chronicle" that that paper was distributed free to the troops in Bombay with the object of inciting them to insubordination. The Board of Directors of the "Chronicle" has repudiated the allegation. In a message to the Secretary of State they observe that the allegation is absolutely without foundation. It now lies on Mr. Montagu and his informants to prove the statement. We shrewdly suspect that the Board of Directors would not have hazarded so strong a repudiation had they not been sure of facts.

According to Mr. Montagu, one of the rasons of Mr. Horniman's deportation is the publication of the false news that soft-nosed bullets were used in Delhi. That the story was published in the "Chronicle", is true enough, but how was it that over-zealous censorship in Bombay prevented the paper from publishing a contradiction cabled by the same correspondent who had been unwittingly responsible for the publication of the story? Was it at all fair on the part of the Censor to withhold such a message from the paper? Surely, much good, and no harm, could have come of it, if it had been delivered in time; but the ways of bureaucrats are as inscrutable as the ways of Providence.

The publication of the story referred to and free distribution of the paper among troops with the object specified (if it can be proved as true) might jointly make a ground for proceeding against Mr. Horniman; but if the latter charge is unfounded, as stated by the Directors of the "Chronicle" there remains not the least justification for the step taken against him; for without this, there remains nothing to show that Mr. Horniman's intention was bad. Clearly then, it becomes a case of *bona fide* mistake and which paper is there which does not or may not commit such mistake?

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometer:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced ro 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8.45 a.m., Standard Time on the 10th June, 1919, was 29.847 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid the temperature correction is needed but for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide in the stream at 8.45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer readings should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

A BRUTAL MURDER.

DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED.

GHELA WAGHA.

v.

THE KING-EMPEROR.

(*Before the Chief Justice and Justice Pratt.*)

This was an appeal against the decesion of Mr. B. C. Kennedy, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad. Agreeing with the Assessors he found the accused guilty of murdering one Jhawer Jiji and sentenced him to death under Section 302 of the Indian Penal Code.

The facts are brieby these:—

A theft of cotton of the deceased Jhawer Jiji was committed during the big famine of Samvat, 1956. The deceased used to tell the accused very often that he had committed the theft. The accused used to deny it, still the deceased pedsisted in telling it. On the 4th January, 1919, at Rinchhod the accused was going to cut one barber's firewoods. On seeing the deceased the accused became angry and gave him two blows from behind with a billhook. It severed the head from the body. The accused then ran away to hills and afterwards returned and voluntarily surrendered himself to a Magistrate. The accused made a statement before the committing Magistrate that he killed Jhaver Jiji with *dharia* at the shop of Hirachand Chhagen. He killed the deceased because he was charging him with theft of his cotton pods since 1956. The deceased slandered him every now and then in the presence of other people. In the Sessions Court the accused retracted the confession and observed that it was the result of beating and tutoring by Fouzdar and Jamadar. He was not in his senses when he made the confession.

The Sessions Judge in sentencing the accused observed that he made a detailed confession before the Magistrate and he adhered to that statement during the committal proceedings. In the Sessions Court, he retracted it but his statement in this retraction was obviously false. On reading the papers the Sessions Judge thought that it might be a case of *mania de persecution* but that it seemed was not the case as the accused had an actual grievance. Looking at the circumstances of the case and the appearance of the accused he thought it was possible that the accused might be feeble-minded.

Their Loddships after hearing arguments confirmed the conviction and sentence.

Mr. Chunilal D. Mehta appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader represented the Crown.

PRIZE COURT.

THE S. S. KARADENEZ CONDEMNED AS PRIZESHIP.

The Secretary of State for India v. The S. S. Karadeniz.

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice.)

This was an action by the Secretary of State for India claiming that the s.s. Karadeniz, a Turkish ship, captured in the Bombay harbour in 1914, when His Majesty's Government was at war with Turkey, be condemned as a Prize Ship as an enemy ship.

The Hon. Mr. Strangman and Mr. Coltman appeared for the Secretary of State for India; Mr. M. A. Mirza and Mr. A. K. Khan appeared for the owners of the s.s. Karadeniz.

His Lordship delivered judgment on Monday and the material portions from it are given below. His Lordship said that on the 11th March, 1915, his Lordship delivered a judgment in the matter of the s.s. Karadeniz. His Lordship was then of opinion that he was bound by an Order in Council of the 20th August, 1914, to consider the Declaration of London as governing this case, that under article 57 of the Declaration the neutral or enemy character of a vessel was determined by the flag she is entitled to fly, and that before the capture, the Persian Government had recognised this vessel's right to fly the Persian flag, that therefore the vessel could not be condemned as lawful prize unless he was satisfied that in spite of the apparent yalidity of the transfer of the vessel to the claimant the control of the vessel remained in the hands of the Turkish vendors as on the evidence there was considerable justification for his holding that there was an arrangement between the claimant and the vendors, that the latter should retain the control of the vessel, and use the transfer as a means of getting her to the nearest Turkish port under the Persian flag, but the claimant asked to be allowed to produce further evidence regarding the bona fides of the transfer. His Lordship directed the case to stand over for further proof.

PRIVY COUNCIL'S DECISION.

Some further evidence had since been taken in England on commission, but owing to the continuance of hostilities the claimant had been unable to procure the evidence he wanted from Constantinople. However owing to a recent decision of the Privy Council, Government had asked his Lordship to set down the cause for further argument, and he had heard the argument of counsel on the question whether the vessel should not be condemned as lawful prize on the ground that the commercial domicile of the claimant at the time of the capture was Turkish.

Proceeding further his Lordship observed, "it has been argued for the claimant that I definitely decided that I was bound by the Order in Council and that it was not open to me to reconsider the case in the light of the judgment of the Privy Council." His Lordship that he was entitled before final judgment was given either condemning or releasing the vessel to reconsider any opinion he had previously expressed. The Hague Convention did not apply to the case as it was not ratified by Turkey. If then his Lordship could find that the Karadeniz bore an enemy character she must be condemned.

FOUR CLASSES OF NEUTRALS.

His Lordship then proceeded to consider the authorities at great length. There were therefore four classes of neutrals who might be engaged in trade in enemy territory on the outbreak of war. (1) Resident, (2) non-resident, (3) resident and partner with enemy subjects, and (4) non-resident and partner with enemy subjects. The property of class 1 would be liable to capture at sea and confiscation on the outbreak of the war. Now the present claimant came clearly within class (1) unless the fact that he was by accident temporarily residing in Greece at the outbreak of war could bring him within class (2). It could not be disputed that on the outbreak of war with Turkey the claimant's commercial domicile was Turkish. He was born in Constantinople, he had always resided and carried on business there. About 1912 he became a Persian subject in order to free his children from the obligation to serve in the Turkish army, but that made no difference as to the way in which his business was conducted. He left Constantinople in the 21st October for Piraeus, because he had heard that one of his ships had been damaged there in a collision;; but up to the 5th November he disclosed no intention of giving up his business in Constantinople. The claimant had a partner called Bachrato, a Turkish subject in Constantinople, who was looking after the agency business with reference to the other steamers in which the claimant had an interest; and if the Karadeniz had not been seized in Bombay there was no certainty that the claimant would not have returned to Constantinople from there, or if he had elected to remain at Piraeus that he would not have continued to direct the business at Constantinople from there. The difficulty of the cases lies in the fact that it might be said that he came within class (2) above and that he had no opportunity after the declaration of war when he happened to be in Greece of making his election to retain or renounce his commercial domicile. His objection to the Turkish Government might have been one of very recent growth as he had made no attempt to remove himself from subjection to it before November, 1914. In an unguarded moment he said in cross-examination that he wanted to go back to look after his business, not to remove it, and it did not matter to him whether a war was going on or not. Then he saw his mistake and said that if he got to Constantinople he would try and get his ships to Piraeus. Against that there was the undeniable anxiety of the claimant as soon as he had bought the ship to get her out of Bombay to Basrah, a Turkish port.

CLAIMANT'S COMMERCIAL DOMICILE IN TURKEY.

On the 16th and 19th November he got telegrams despatched from Piraeus inquiring whether the ship had left for Basrah. Was that consistent with an intention after the outbreak of war to remove his property as far as possible from Turkish territory? Did it not rather point to the fact that his after-expressed intention was influenced by the ship not having been able to proceed to Basrah, and having been captured in Bombay? Was there anything to lead his Lordship to suppose that if the ship had got to Basrah the claimant would have done anything to get rid of his commercial domicile in Turkey? Could it be said that the claimant was 'sine animo revertendi'? On the best consideration that his Lordship could give to those questions he had come to the conclusion that on the outbreak of war the claimant had his commercial domicile in Turkey, and that at the time of the capture and for many months after he had no intention of removing that domicile to a neutral country. Nothing was said in the claimant's petition of the 15th January, 1915, regarding any such intention. If the claimant on the outbreak of the war had directed that the ship should remain in Bombay and had announced that he dissociated himself entirely from his business in Turkey, leaving the question of his being able to remove his property from Turkish territory to depend on the attitude of the Turkish Government, his Lordship did not think it would have been according to the law administered by Prize Courts to condemn the ship. But the claimant did absolutely nothing towards abandoning or renouncing his Turkish domicile. Therefore, in his Lordship's opinion, on the best consideration he could give to this very difficult case, the ship ought to be condemned as lawful prize. This decision whether reversed or upheld in appeal, still left open the question whether the transfer to the claimant was made in good faith.

FOOD PRICES IN BOMBAY,

CONTROLLER'S RATES.

A Press Note dated 10th June, 1919, is issued by the Revenue Department of the Government of Bombay (Civil Supplies Branch) which says:—

The following are the maximum rates fixed for Bombay City for the grain mentioned below for the week beginning 11th June 1919.

RICE

	Wholesale per bag, of 163 lbs Ex Godown			Ex Dock CIF terms			Retail per pialee.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Rice									
Cargo (16 parts.)	11	2	0	10	10	0	0	6	3
Big Mill Special	11	12	0	11	4	0	0	6	6
Nakranji	11	12	0	11	4	0	0	6	6
Larun	11	12	0	11	4	0	0	6	6
Small Mill	12	2	0	11	10	0	0	6	9
S. Q.	12	6	0	11	14	0	0	6	9
Europe No. 2	12	15	0	12	7	0	0	7	0
Europe No. 1.	13	5	0	12	13	0	0	7	3
Chanduba (Old Crop)	13	10	0	13	2	0	0	7	6
Mill Sughaudi	13	13	0	13	5	0	0	7	6
Long Boiled	13	0	0	14	8	0	0	8	0
Milched Boiled	14	8	0	14	0	0	0	7	9
Broken Rice.									
A 1	12	0	0	11	8	0			
A 2	10	12	0	10	4	0			
A 3	9	2	0	8	10	0			
B 1	11	2	0	10	10	0			
B 2	10	0	0	9	8	0			
B 3	8	10	0	8	2	0			
C 3	8	2	0	7	10	0			
Bengal Rice.									
Gross Table No. 1	20	9	0	....			0	11	0
Nagra No. 1.	20	3	0	....			0	10	9
Ballon No. 1.	20	10	0	....			0	11	0
Kazla	18	7	0	....			0	9	9
Raree No. 1	19	15	0	....			0	10	6
Raree uncleaned	19	2	0	....			0	10	3
Boiled Patna	18	13	0	....			0	10	0
Pegu white	17	9	0	....			0	9	6

WHEAT.

					Rs.	a.	p.
Australian Wheat	64	11	0	per candy of 27 mds or 6¾ cwt.	0	7	6
Choice White Karachi	74	0	0		0	9	3
Choice Glossy Sarbhati	76	8	0		0	9	6
GRAM.							
Punjab (Mixed)	61	0	0		0	7	6
JUWARI.							
Central India	72	0	0		0	9	0
BAJI							
1st Grade	84	0	0		0	10	
2nd Grade	82	0	0		0	10	
3rd Grade	80	0	0		0	10	

2. Under the terms of clause (c) of the agreement made with shippers at the time of issuing licenses it is hereby notified that shippers should sell rice in Bombay only on the order of the Director of Civil Supplies.

JUTE MILL SHARES.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, June 10.

The latest quotation for Kamarhatty is Rs 833.

The Madras War Fund is to be formally closed and the statement of account and balance sheet upto 31st May is to be presented at the meeting of subscribers to be held at the Banqueting Hall under the presidency of H. E. the Governor on Thursday next.

The export of goat hair will now be freely permitted under license to all destinations except those to which export of all goods is prohibited.

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GRACE DARLING or The Heroine of the Fern Island ...	0	12
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Faust 2 vols. Re. 1.8 Wagner 3 vols.	1	12
Seamstress 2 vols. Re. 1 Margaret 4 vols.	3	0
Necromancer 3 vols. 2-4 Agnes 9 vols.	6	0
Mysteries Old London 3 vols. Rs. 2-4 Mary Stuart 2 vols.	1	4
Pope Joan 3 vols. Re. 1-12 Soldier's Wife 2 vols.	1	4
Robert Maccaire 2 vols.	1	0
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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS

June 10.
S S Firoozi—McCraith—Bassein May 26.
S S Albistan—Walker—Busreh May 31.
S S Palitana—Holysake—Busreh June 4.
S S Kaifuku Maru—Nakanishi—Kobe May 4.
S S Umta—Kinnear—Rangoon May 26.
S S Barambah—Wilson—Adelaid April 29.
June 10.
The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday.
S S Zayani—Cunningham—Persian Gulf.
S S Dalemoor—Pye—Marseilles
S S Koweit—Hutchings—Aden and Berbera.
The following vessel began to load yesterday.
Steamer Baramah for London.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Tuesday, 10th June, 1919.

PRINCE'S DOCKS.

A Plan Stuart ..	N F	N F	..	J F & Co
B Gracchus	N F	N F	..	M M & Co
C Mulrau ..	London	N F	..	M M & Co
D & E Albistan.	Dupre	18-6-19	..	L Dyfrs & Co
F Kaifuku Maru	N F	N F	..	N Y Kaisha
G Martinique	Bangkok	N F	..	G Arbuthnot & Co
H Linga ..	N F	N F	..	M M & Co
Hunts Castle	N F	N F	..	W & A G & Co
L & M Nur.ni ..	Bassein	N F	..	T M & Co
N Barbarigo	.. N F	N F	..	M Italian & Co
O Hejaz ..	N F	N F	..	B M & Co
Q Pundua ..	Zanzibar	10-6-19	..	M M & Co
Q Supramanu-puravy ..	N F	N F	..	E H Harson
80 ton crane Wanetta ..	N F	N F	..	W & A Graham & Co
Offside Ilian ..	N F	N F	..	H S Shustary & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Irrawadi ..	Marmagoa	11-6-19	..	K N & Co
Oporto ..	N F	N F	..	K N & Co
Sarasvati ..	N F	N F	..	K N & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Boats of Ecsirio ..	..	..	..	W & A Graham & Co
2 Elysia ..	Liverpool	18-6-19	..	W & A Graham & Co
3 Kasado Maru ..	Kobe.	20-6-19	..	O S Kaisha
4 Koweit ..	Aden	10 6-19	..	T M & Co
5 Khosrou	Jeddah	15-6-19	..	T M & Co
6 Dalemoor	Marseilles	10-6-19	..	Ralli Bros.
7 Zayani ..	P Gulf	11-6-19	..	H S S & Co
8 Itola ..	N F	N F	..	M M & Co
9 Birma ..	Java	N F	..	T W & Co
10 Golobaria	N F	N F	..	M M & Co
12 Taroba.	Durban	18-6-19	..	M M & Co
16 Kasara ..	N F	N F	..	M M & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Stella ..	Egypt via Karachi.	18-6-19	..	M M & Co
Offside 1 Hecamilin	Hongkong	N F	..	R I M
4 Bandra	N F	N F	..	M M & Co
5 Barpeta	Basra	11-6-19	..	M M & Co
6 War Tulip	London	15 6-19	..	M M & Co
7 Kalomo	Karachi	14 6-19	..	K N & Co
8 Chanda.	London	14-6-19	..	M M & Co
9 Elephanta	Basra	12-6-19	..	M M & Co
10 Varela.	Basra	N F	..	M M & Co
11 Sikh ..	Rangoon	15-6 19	..	T M & Co
12 Canara.	Rangoon	12-6-19	..	M M & Co
14 Barambah	N F	N F	..	M M & Co
Jetty end Ekma ..	Basra	11-6-19	..	M M & Co
16 War Raider ..	N F	N F	..	R I M
Offside 11 Chakdara	Basra	12-6-19	..	M M & Co
15 Shah Jahan ..	Rangoon	12-6-19	..	T Morrison & Co
15 Dara ..	Calcutta	14-6-19	..	D R I M

HUGHES DRY DOCK.

Syria ..	48 hours	10-6-19	..	M M & Co

EXPORTS.

June 10.

S S Elysia for Liverpool—14 bales wool Ewart Latham Co, 212 bales wool Veerchand Oomersey, 25 bales wool J A Begbie & Co., 2,999 cwts copra 14,000 cwts cotton seed 12,000 cwts linseed 720 bales wool Mitsui Hussan Kaisha, 200 bales cotton D B Khan & Co, 100 bales cotton David Sassoon & Co, 500 bales cotton Bombay Company, 48 bales cotton waste P Dhanjibhoy & Co, 110 bales wool W & A Graham & Co., 370 bales wool Forbes, Forbes Campbell & Co, 362 bales wool Bhavan Hurban, 79 bales wool The Bombay Company, 385 bales wool E D Sassoon & Co., 90 bales wool Haji Sakurjan Mahomed, 156 bales wool Dolatram Kundunmal.

S S War Tulip for London—8,000 cwts linseed Ralli Bros.

S S Chanda for London—1,625 cwts cotton seed L & F Barraclough & Co, 10 bales sheep skins Alladin Cassam.

S S Mutlap for London—50 tons linseed Jetha Dewji, 1,001 cwts cotton seed Ramji Purshotum.

S S Barambah for London—14,000 cwts cotton seed Ralli Bros.

S S Kasada Maru for Osaka—3,000 bales cotton N M K Kaisha.

S S Kasada Maru for Yokohama—51 bales grey cotton yarn Sumitamo Bank.

S S Kasada Maru for Kobe—1,500 bales cotton, Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha.

IMPORTS.

June 10.

S S Banca from Rangoon, Agents M. M. & Co—96,905 bags rice, 1,6666 bags white beans, 388 bars P lead, 2,200 cases candles, 5 cases cigars.

S S Ula from Bassein Agents, M M & Co—97,043 bags rice.

S S Birma from Rangoon, Agents Turner Morrison & Co—90,186 bags rice, 2,418 bags white beans, 388 bars pig lead.

S S Barbarigo from Venice, Agents Venice Steam Navigation Company—27 cases glass beads, 4 cases woolen felts, 200 bags sulphur, 400 bags almonds, 500 bags shell-almonds.

WEATHER REPORT.

S. S. Firoozi, Captain W. D. McCraith, which arrived here from Bassein, experienced strong N.-W. winds and high seas.

S. S. Albistan, Captain C. Walker, which arrived here from Busreh, experienced monsoon weather strong S-W wind heavy swells from Jask.

S S Palitana, Captain T. V. Holysake, which arrived here from Busreh experienced strong monsoon.

S S Kaifuku Maru, Captain R. Nakanishi, which arrived here from Kobe, Osaka, Moji, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo, experienced heavy S-W monsoon during the voyage.

S S Umta, Captain A. D. Kinnear, which arrived here from Rangoon, experienced squally, rains W and N-W and N winds moderate to fresh.

S S Ula, Captain E. D. G. Diamond, which arrived here from Basseim, experienced heavy N-W gales and heavy sea from Colombo

S S Firoozi:—The Mogal Line steamer Firoozi, 2,029 tons, Captain W. D. McCraith, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bassein, with a cargo of rice, which port she had left on 26th ultimo.

S. S. Albistan:—The steamer Albistan 2,045 tons, Captain C Walker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with a general cargo, which port she had left on 31st ultimo.

S. S. Palitana:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Palitana, 1,934 tons, Captain T. V. Holysake, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with a general cargo which port she had left on 4th instant.

S. S. Kaifuku Maru:—The N. Y. K steamer Kaifuku Maru, 1,969 tons, Captain R. Nakanishi, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe via Osaka, Moji, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo, with a general cargo, which port she had left on 4th ultimo.

S S Umta:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Umta, 5,421 tons, Captain A. D. Kinnear, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, with a general cargo and rice, which port she had left on 26th ultimo

S S Barambah:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Barambah, 6,711 tons, Captain R. A. T. Wilson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Adelaid, with a cargo of wheat, wool and hides, which port she had left on 29th April.

S S Zayani:—The P. G. S. N. Company's steamer Zayani, 2,627 tons, Captain J. Cunningham, will sail from Bombay harbour to-day for Busreh with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Dalemoor:—The steamer Dalemoor, 2,572 tons, Captain T. Pye, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

S S Koweit:—The Mogal Line steamer Koweit, 2,392 tons, Captain E. Hutchings, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Aden and Berbera, with a general cargo and passengers.

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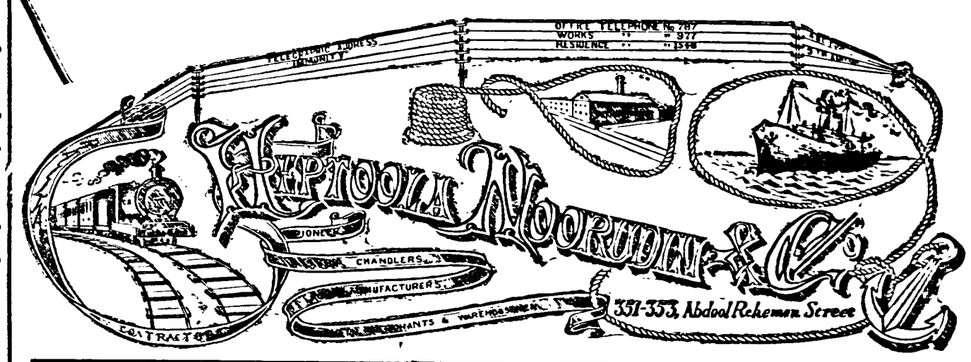

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On 1,50,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 each, Rs. 5 per share is payable on Application, Rs. 10 per share on Allotment, and the balance on Calls of not more than Rs. 10 each payable at intervals of not less than three months after allotment.

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THE WEATHER.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 9th June 1919.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Batometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.674	Inch.
Temperature of Air	79.6	Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.3	,,
Dew Point	76.5	,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.905	,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	9.0	,,
Maximum temperature of Air	82.6	,,
Minimum do	76.4	,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W.WNW.W.	
Movement of Wind	240	Miles
Fall of Rain	2.39	Inch.
Total fall during month	14.21	,,
Do. do. year	14.32	,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. on 10th.	0.14	,,

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Sill.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Sill
		Ju'e h. m.	ft. in	Ju'e h. m.		ft. in
Tues.	10	m 9 54	25 11	10 m 2 49		17 8
		11 16a	24 11		3 24a	20 9
Wed.	11	m 10 33	26 8	11 m 3 26		17 2
		9 54a	25 2	4 10a		20 4
Thur.	12	m 11 10	27 4	12 m 4 2		16 8
		11 36a	25 6	4 53a		19 10
Fri.	13	m 11 45	27 11	13 m 4 38		16 3
		11 16a	25 9	5 23a		19 6
Sat.	14	m 0 18	28 3	14 m 5 14		15 11
		11 54a	26 0	6 11a		19 2
Sun.	15	m 0 50	28 5	15 m 5 5		15 9
				6 47a		19 0
Mon.	16	m 0 31	26 1	16 m 6 26		15 10
		1 21a	28 5	7 22a		18 11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

June 10 (Tuesday)	Sunrise	6h. 1m.	Sunset	7h. 15m.
,, 11 (Wednes)	,,	6h. 1m.	,,	7h. 16m.
,, 12 (Thursday)	,,	6h. 1m.	,,	7h. 16m.
,, 13 (Friday)	,,	6h. 1m.	,,	7h. 16m.
,, 14 (Saturday)	,,	6h. 1m.	,,	7h. 17m.
,, 15 (Sunday)	,,	6h. 1m.	,,	7h. 17m.
,, 16 (Monday)	,,	6h. 1m.	,,	7h. 17m.

Phase of the Moon:—

New Moon	1d.	2h. 34-9m.	a.m.
First Quarter	7d.	6h. 8-3m.	p.m.
Full Moon	15d.	5h. 55-1m.	p.m.
Last quarter	23d.	4h. 51-1m	p.m.
New Moon	30d.	11h. 0 4m.	p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 10th June 1919, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is above normal at Multan and Delhi. Day temperature remains in slight excess in the west Punjab; night temperature is slightly or moderately above the average except at Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Allahabad reports 0.24in. of rain and Agra 0.35in. Heavy cloud persists at Allahabad; elsewhere skies are clear or only lightly clouded. The air is generally damper than usual. Day temperature continues below normal, the deficiency at Allahabad being as much as 20 deg. night temperature is in defect at Jhansi and Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Jaipur reports a duststorm and 0.69in. of rain. Skies are clear in the north and are lightly or moderately clouded in the south. Humidity is generally above normal in Rajputana. Day temperature remains in slight excess at Bikaner and Jeobabad, but has decreased and is in slight defect in east Rajputana; night temperature is above the average in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is locally below normal in the north of the division; night temperature is in defect at Indore.

The Central Provinces.—There has been nearly general rain in the southern half of the division and local rain in the north; Saugor reports 0.10in. Amraoti 0.21in. Nagpur 0.16in. Chanda 0.99in. and Raipur 0.24in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is generally above normal. Day temperature continues in slight or moderate defect; night temperature is also lower than usual at several stations.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been general; Bombay has had 1.09in. Ratnagiri 0.46in. Mormugao 0.70in. and Karwar 0.95in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is generally below normal; night temperature is lower than usual at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in east Hyderabad; Nixamabad reports 0.41in. and Hyderabad 1.95in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is above normal in Hyderabad and the central districts of the Bombay Deccan. Day temperature remains below normal throughout, the deficiency being considerable in the south Bombay Deccan and east Hyderabad; night temperature is also below the average in the last mentioned area.

General Remarks. The activity of the monsoon has diminished considerably and rainfall has been practically confined to the west coast and central parts of the country. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Konkan, Malabar, east Hyderabad and the south of the Central Provinces and local in north-east Rajputana, the United Provinces, the north of the Central Provinces and on the north Madras coast. Day temperature remains low in the north of the Peninsula, the central parts of the country and the United Provinces. Very steep gradients have been established over the land area. The low pressure area noticed in the north-east of the Central Provinces has disappeared. A still further decrease in the activity of the monsoon appears probable and rainfall is likely to decrease generally except on the west coast.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 9th June 1919.

The Arabian sea current has weakened and there has been a decrease of rainfall in the Peninsula, but the Bay current has strengthened and there has been a general increase of rainfall in North-east India and the south-east of the United Provinces. The monsoon current penetrated into the Punjab yesterday and gave half an inch of rain at Sialkot. Rainfall has been general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Central India West, the west coast of the Peninsula and the Bombay Deccan and local in the east of the United Provinces, the Central Provinces and north Hyderabad. A few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, the west of the United Provinces, the east and north Punjab, east Rajputana, south Hyderabad and Mysore.

Principal amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Tavoy, Moulmein four inches; Rangoon three; Akyab one and a half; Silchar five; Cox's Bazar, Chittagong one; Barisal, Calcutta, Darjiling two; Saugor Island one and a half; Balasore four; Chaibasa, Hazaribagh one; Ranchi three; Gaya one; Naya Dumka, Benares one and a half; Sialkot a half; Mercara one.

Temperature has decreased in the north-west, but continues between five and ten degrees above normal along the frontier.

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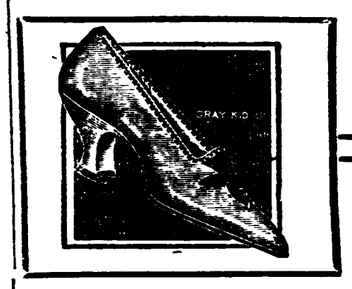

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